

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 04/23/2019

Revision date: 04/23/2019

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
 Product name : 1,2-Dibromoethane Standard
 Product code : AL0-101303

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

Phenova
 6390 Joyce Dr. Suite 100
 Golden, CO 80403 - United States
 T 1-866-942-2978 - F 1-866-283-0269
info@phenova.com - www.phenova.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTel Assistance (US/Canada) 1-800-255-3924
 ChemTel Assistance (International) +1 813-248-0585

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3	H301	Toxic if swallowed
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3	H311	Toxic in contact with skin
Carcinogenicity Category 1B	H350	May cause cancer
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
 H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin
 H350 - May cause cancer
 H370 - Causes damage to organs

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
 P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor
 P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
 P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P361+P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.
 P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Conc.
methanol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	99.8
1,2-Dibromoethane	(CAS-No.) 106-93-4	0.2

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
----------------------	-----------------------------------

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up in absorbent material. Collect spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions : Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from any flames or sparking source.
Incompatible materials : Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard		
ACGIH	Local name	Methanol
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	260 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA
methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methanol
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Methanol; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Methanol; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	260 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)		
OSHA	Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	50 ppm 5 mins.

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)		
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	(2) See Table Z-2.
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Safety glasses.

Hand protection:

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

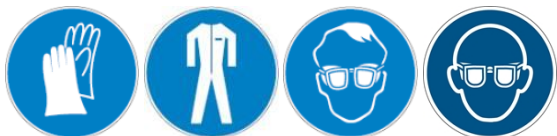
Skin and body protection:

Wear chemically protective gloves, lab coat or apron to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact

Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: characteristic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Toxic if swallowed. Dermal: Toxic in contact with skin.

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard	
ATE US (oral)	100.2 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300.601 mg/kg body weight
methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; BASF test; Literature study; 1187-2769 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	85 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	64000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	
LD50 oral rat	140 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rat	300 mg/kg (Rat, Literature study, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 200 ppm (Other, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	140 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Causes damage to organs.
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l (LC50; EPA 660/3 - 75/009; 96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EC50; DIN 38412-11; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
LC50 fish 2	10800 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri)
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	
LC50 fish 1	1.13 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 Daphnia 1	11.61 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	1.5 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.8 (Literature study)
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Non degradable in the soil. Not readily biodegradable in water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF fish 1	< 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	
BCF fish 1	1.6 - 14.9 (6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Literature study)
Log Pow	1.93 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

12.4. Mobility in soil

methanol (67-56-1)	
Surface tension	0.023 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	Koc,PCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Calculated value
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	
Surface tension	0.038 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	0.314 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1992 Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (methanol ; ethylene dibromide), 3 (6.1), II
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1992
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s.
methanol ; ethylene dibromide
Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger
Subsidiary risk (DOT) : 6.1 - Class 6.1 - Poisonous materials 49 CFR 173.132
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid
6.1 - Poison



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243
DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.
T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
TP13 - Self-contained breathing apparatus must be provided when this hazardous material is transported by sea.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 131
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S., 3 (6.1), II
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1992
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: II - substances presenting medium danger
Subsidiary risks (IMDG)	: 6.1 - Toxic substances

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1992 Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s., 3 (6.1), II
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1992
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Class (IATA)	: 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	: II - Medium Danger
Subsidiary risks (IATA)	: 6.1 - Toxic substances

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
-----------	---------

1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	1 lb
-----------	------

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

1,2-Dibromoethane Standard

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

15.3. US State regulations

methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		47000 µg/day (inhalation); 23,000 µg/day (oral)

1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	0.2 µg/day	

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 04/23/2019

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H350	May cause cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs

Phenova US SDS REV

Copyright 2015 Phenova, Inc. License granted to make paper copies for internal use. The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on our current knowledge. The information contained in this document should be used only as a guide for appropriate safety precautions and should not be considered to be all inclusive. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. The document does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Phenova, Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from the handling or use of this product. Visit the Terms and Conditions of Sale link at www.phenova.com for additional terms and conditions of sale.