

# Second Source Oxygenates

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
 Product name : Second Source Oxygenates  
 Product code : AL0-130539

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Certified reference material for laboratory use only

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Phenova  
 6390 Joyce Dr. Suite 100  
 Golden, CO 80403 - United States  
 T 1-866-942-2978 - F 1-866-283-0269  
[info@phenova.com](mailto:info@phenova.com) - [www.phenova.com](http://www.phenova.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTel Assistance (US/Canada) 1-800-255-3924  
 ChemTel Assistance (International) +1 813-248-0585

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	H311
STOT SE 1	H370

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS06

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
 H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin  
 H370 - Causes damage to organs

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
 P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
 P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
 P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.  
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor  
 P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water  
 P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
 P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor  
 P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell  
 P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)  
 P322 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)  
 P330 - Rinse mouth.  
 P361+P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.  
 P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
 P405 - Store locked up.  
 P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in

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accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
methanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	98.2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
tert-Butanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 75-65-0	1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin.
- Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. May form explosive peroxides.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Evacuate area.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion.

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from any flames or sparking source.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids. Oxidizing agent.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Second Source Oxygenates		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
tert-Butanol (75-65-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm (tert-Butanol; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	CNS impair
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm

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methanol (67-56-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Methanol; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Methanol; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value)
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.  
Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Safety glasses.



Hand protection : Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration.  
Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses.  
Skin and body protection : Wear chemically protective gloves, lab coat or apron to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact.  
Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended.  
Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid  
Color : Colorless.  
Odor : characteristic.  
Odor threshold : No data available  
pH : No data available  
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available  
Melting point : No data available  
Freezing point : No data available  
Boiling point : No data available  
Flash point : No data available  
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available  
Decomposition temperature : No data available  
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available  
Vapor pressure : No data available  
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available  
Relative density : No data available  
Solubility : No data available  
Log Pow : No data available  
Log Kow : No data available  
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available  
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available  
Explosive properties : May form explosive peroxides.  
Oxidizing properties : No data available  
Explosion limits : No data available

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### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Not established. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established. Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizers and acids.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Heat. Sparks. Overheating.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Oxidizing agent.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. May form explosive peroxides.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Toxic if swallowed. Dermal: Toxic in contact with skin.

Second Source Oxygenates	
ATE CLP (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight

tert-Butanol (75-65-0)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 10000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE CLP (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE CLP (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; BASF test; Literature study; 1187-2769 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	85 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	64000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE CLP (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE CLP (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified  
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  
Carcinogenicity : Not classified  
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Causes damage to organs.
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>tert-Butanol (75-65-0)</b>	
EC50 Daphnia 1	933 mg/l (EC50; EU Method C.2; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
LC50 fish 2	6410 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Pimephales promelas)
<b>methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l (LC50; EPA 660/3 - 75/009; 96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EC50; DIN 38412-11; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
LC50 fish 2	10800 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Second Source Oxygenates</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
<b>tert-Butanol (75-65-0)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.18 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.59 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0
<b>methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.8 (Literature study)

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Second Source Oxygenates</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
<b>tert-Butanol (75-65-0)</b>	
BCF fish 1	< 5 (BCF)
BCF fish 2	1 (BCF)
Log Pow	0.35 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
<b>methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
BCF fish 1	< 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

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tert-Butanol (75-65-0)	
Surface tension	0.02 N/m (25 °C)

  

methanol (67-56-1)	
Surface tension	0.023 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	Koc,PCCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Calculated value

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.  
Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion.  
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT  
Transport document description : UN1992 Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (methanol), 3 (6.1), II  
UN-No.(DOT) : 1992  
DOT NA no. : UN1992  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s.  
methanol  
Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid  
6.1 - Poison



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name  
Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger  
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.  
T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)  
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.  
TP13 - Self-contained breathing apparatus must be provided when this hazardous material is transported by sea.  
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150  
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202  
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243  
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L  
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L  
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

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DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

### Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 131

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### ADR

Transport document description : UN 1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (methanol(67-56-1)), 3 (6.1), II, (D/E)

Packing group (ADR) : II

Class (ADR) : 3 - Flammable liquid

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 336

Classification code (ADR) : FT1

Hazard labels (ADR) : 3 - Flammable liquids  
6.1 - Toxic substances



Orange plates :



Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : D/E

LQ : 1I

Excepted quantities (ADR) : E2

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1992

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1992

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids

Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### 2-methyl-2-propanol (75-65-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
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#### methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### 2-methyl-2-propanol (75-65-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)



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### methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### EU-Regulations

#### methanol (67-56-1)

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	H311
STOT SE 1	H370

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

F; R11  
T; R23/24/25  
T; R39/23/24/25  
R19

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

### 15.3. US State regulations

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U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

#### 2-methyl-2-propanol (75-65-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

#### methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

### SECTION 16: Other information

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

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### Hazard Rating

PHV SDS US

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