# The Ultimate Pre-Packed Preparative Column for HPLC and SFC GUARANTEED!

### Axia PREP LC columns offer:

- Increased Performance
- Groundbreaking Lifetimes
- Optimized Loadability
- Increased Reproducibility



 $\bigcirc$ 

## The Axia™ Advantage

Available in over 40 unique achiral and chiral selectivities, Axia advanced preparative column packing and column hardware design offer several advantages. Unlike traditional column packing methods, the Axia packing method offers increased sorbent bed density for increased performance and eliminates media bed collapse as a source of premature column failure in preparative HPLC/SFC columns.



# guarantee

If Axia packed columns do not provide at least an equivalent separation as compared to a competing preparative column of the same particle size, same phase, and dimensions, return the column with comparative data within 45 days for a FULL REFUND. Only applies to 21.2 mm ID columns.

"I find Axia Columns to be very robust and durable. I often use the prep column for much longer than predicted with reproducible peaks. This saves us a significant amount of money."

> David Wisnoski GlaxoSmithKline, USA

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Award winning column packing technology	
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We routinely use Axia packed columns from Phenomenex for peptide purifications. Among various preparative HPLC columns we have used, the Axia packed Luna columns ( $5\mu$ m) stand out. We have been very satisfied with the increased loading capacity and excellent performance.

> Guangcheng Jiang Ferring Research Institute, Inc., USA

## Axia™ Technology vs. Traditional "OBD" Prep Column Packing

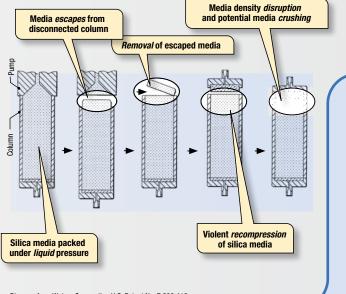
### **Traditional Slurry Packing**

Traditional slurry packing processes, like the Waters® OBD™ (Optimum Bed Density) column packing approach, involve the column being removed from the column packing station once it is packed.

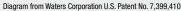
Several potential problems with this packing method are:

- Variability in column performance due to increased number of manual operations required for assembly
- · Potential silica media damage during recompression
- Level of process control is based on traditional slurry packing technology

#### Conventional packing process involves: Compression → Decompression → Recompression → Final Column







### **Axia Packing Technology**

Axia packed preparative columns involve a single axial compression step unlike conventional packed preparative columns. The ideal column bed density is custom calculated and automated for each specific media and column size. Computer control of the entire process ensures both proper bed density and column uniformity every time.

During the Axia packing process, the packing piston is locked in place, eliminating any decompression and then recompression of the media sorbent, thus maintaining media and column bed integrity. This solves common lifetime and performance problems associated with conventional packing processes for preparative columns.



#### Axia Packing Process Involves: Compression → Final Column

I of lumn The packing piston head is integrated into the column and locked by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the pressure is never released. I be added by the piston retainers, so the piston retainers, so the piston retainers, so the piston retainers, so the piston

#### Traditional packed preparative columns produce non-uniform media beds with sheared and crushed particles

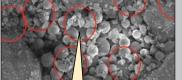
Decompression and then recompression during packing can damage the media and lead to increased column-to-column variability, flow disturbances, and decreased column lifetimes.



\*The images are believed to be representative, but individual columns may vary.



\*SEM of Waters<sup>®</sup> OBD<sup>™</sup> inlet frit



Crushed media or silica fines at frit surface after packing

#### Axia packed columns produce uniform media bed with intact particles

The highly tuned patented process and hardware eliminates potential decompression ensuring bed stability and optimal packing density.

The media found on the inlet frit of the Axia packed column shows no signs of damage unlike the media found on inlet frit of traditionally packed prep columns.





Intact media at frit surface after packing

We are using chromatography media from Phenomenex for GPL/GMP purposes, therefore we audited Phenomenex USA as a manufacturer. From the beginning, we were impressed with Phenomenex and the attitude of their employees. Phenomenex is a unique company in many aspects. Their degree of dedication to customer service, to the organization of the QMS system and last but not least the positive atmosphere in the company is impressive. The outcome of the audit was to our fullest satisfaction.

Major Generic Pharma Company, Europe



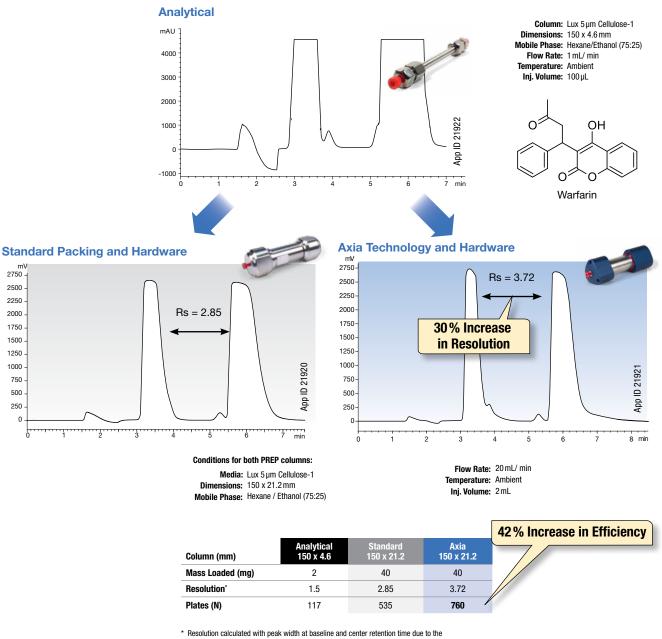
### Axia<sup>™</sup> Technology Outperforms Traditional Packing Processes!

Because of the constant pressure placed on the integrated packing piston, Axia packed columns possess the dynamic capability of maintaining a consistent, homogeneous media bed. This results in superior column performance no matter which media selectivity you choose.

To better understand how much Axia technology improves column performance over traditionally slurry packed preparative columns we scaled-up a 5 µm Lux<sup>®</sup> Cellulose-1 chiral media analytical column and packed the same media into two different 150 x 21.2 mm I.D. columns. One column was packed using Axia technology and the other prep column was packed using the traditional slurry packing process.

The Axia packing technology had a substantial increase in column efficiency resulting in increased resolution over traditionally packed preparative columns. With increased resolution you are able to increase your sample load enabling you to purify more target compound(s) per purification run. This equates to better throughput and economics.

#### Warfarin Chiral Purification in Normal Phase Mode



Resolution calculated with peak width at baseline and center retention time due to overloaded peaks being off-scale

For more detailed information on this warfarin application, request technote:

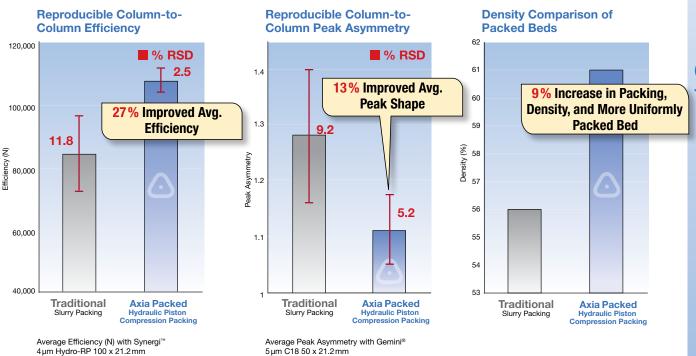
TN-9002: Scaling from Analytical to Preparative Chiral Chromatography While Balancing Purity, Yield, and Throughput under HPLC and SFC Conditions

Tip:

### **Unmatched Column Reproducibility**

The completely automated Axia<sup>™</sup> packing system provides feedback control and infinite tuning of packing density for specific media characteristics such as mechanical strength and porosity. An optimum bed density can be consistently reproduced columnto-column.

This directly translates into consistent efficiency and peak asymmetry measurements and decreases the column variability seen in traditionally packed preparative columns.



Axia columns provide me with first rate quality and engineering. Reliability, reproducibility, and durability are provided with all Axia columns that I use. I can literally purify 2500 samples per column. The time and cost savings are tremendous.

5 µm C18 50 x 21.2 mm

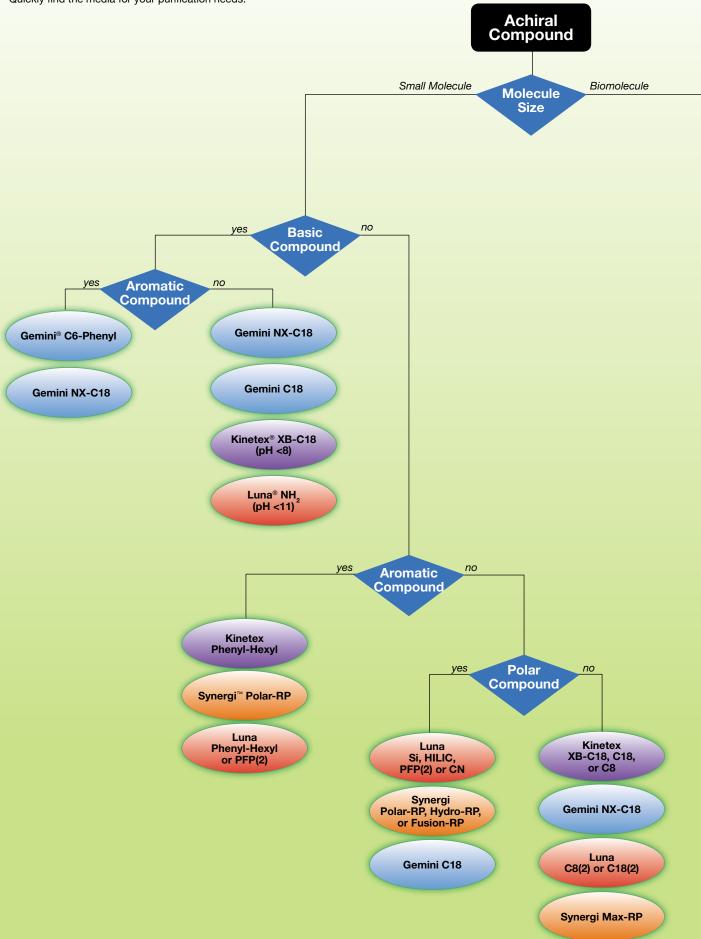
Derrrick Miyao -Large Biotech Manufacturer, USA

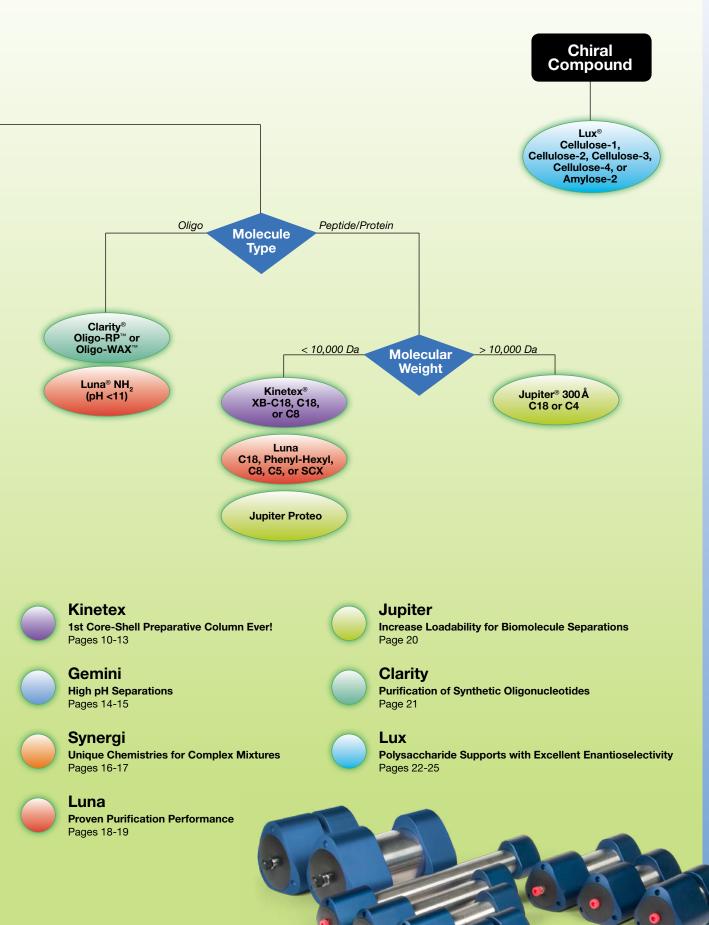
We have used Phenomenex Axia prep-HPLC columns for several years and they consistently provide excellent separation and reproducibility for a variety of different compounds.

> Jeremy R. Wolf ABC Laboratories, USA

## Phase Selection Chart

Quickly find the media for your purification needs.





## First Core-Shell Preparative HPLC/SFC Column Ever!

Kinetex<sup>®</sup> Core-Shell Technology produces increased efficiencies over traditional, fully porous columns, yielding remarkable chromatographic resolution, higher peak capacities, and greater sensitivity, so labs can get even more out of their HPLC analyses!

The benefits of Kinetex Core-Shell Technology include:

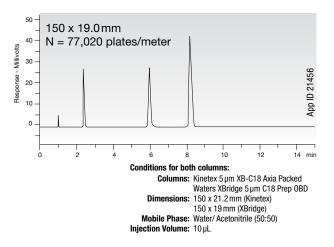
- Increased efficiencies over traditional fully porous columns
- Seamless scalability from HPLC/UHPLC to Preparative LC
- Kinetex 5 µm provides better performance than traditional fully porous 5 and 3 µm materials



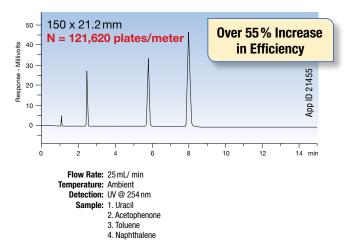
### **High Column Efficiency**

Combining 5 µm Kinetex core-shell and Axia<sup>™</sup> technology can provide the highest separation efficiency of any pre-packed preparative HPLC column.

#### Waters<sup>®</sup> XBridge<sup>®</sup> 5µm C18 Prep OBD<sup>™</sup>



#### Kinetex 5 µm XB-C18 Axia Packed



				A	pplication	IS			Loading						
Key: Best Suited	Very Go	od				Small				Oligonucle-			Hydro-		Available
Packing Material	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m²/g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Range	Molecules	Peptides	Proteins	Chiral	otides	Acids	Polar	phobic	Bases	Surface Area
Kinetex C18	1.3, 1.7, 2.6, 5	100	200	12	1.5-8.5*										
Kinetex XB-C18	1.7, 2.6, 5	100	200	10	1.5-8.5*										
Kinetex C8	1.7, 2.6, 5	100	200	8	1.5-8.5*										
Kinetex Phenyl-Hexyl	1.7, 2.6, 5	100	200	11	1.5-8.5*										

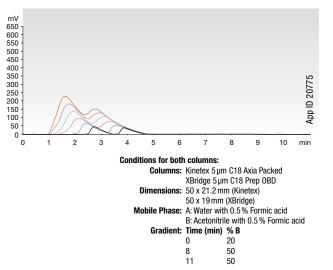
\*Columns are pH stable from 1.5-10 under isocratic conditions. Columns are pH stable 1.5-8.5 under gradient conditions Comparative separations may not be representative of all applications.



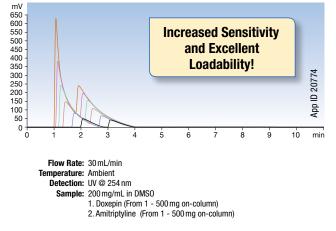
### **Excellent Loadability!**

With narrower peak widths than fully porous columns across every sample load, Axia<sup>™</sup> packed Kinetex 5 µm columns give you the capability of increased sample load and higher throughput for vastly improved purification performance and economics.

#### Waters<sup>®</sup> XBridge<sup>®</sup> 5 µm C18 Prep OBD<sup>™</sup>



#### Kinetex 5µm C18 Axia Packed



Kinetex Axia Preparative columns are fantastic! I currently use two Kinetex 5µm C18 150 x 21.2mm columns in parallel for high throughput purifications (<100 mg scale), and Kinetex core shell media delivers significantly improved peak shape and lower back pressure compared to many of the industry. I can also analyze quickly my purified fractions with the same core shell phase on my analytical UPLC<sup>®</sup> system.

Chris DeVore Neurocrine Biosciences, USA

Axia packed column has a great efficiency for the separation of several classes of natural compounds. Due to its low back pressure and therefore high flow work conditions, time for conditioning the columns is sped up greatly!

> Sylvian Cretton -Europe

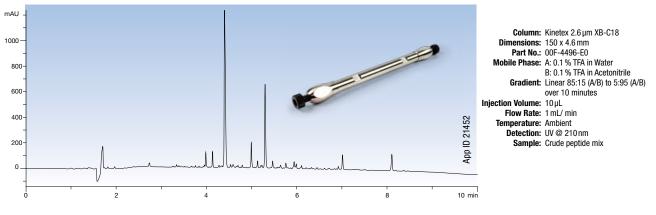
Comparative separations may not be representative of all applications.

### Seamless Scalability from HPLC/UHPLC to PREP

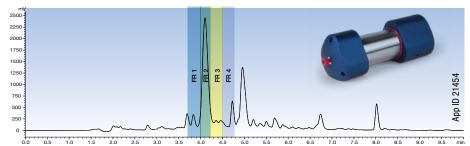
The recent addition of the Kinetex<sup>®</sup> 5 µm in the Axia<sup>™</sup> packed format (21.2 mm ID) makes it the first core-shell sorbent commercially available for small-scale preparative applications. Combine this with the fact that the entire Kinetex core-shell line

is fully scalable from  $1.3\,\mu m$  to  $5\,\mu m$ , means that transferring high performance HPLC/UHPLC methods to preparative HPLC and SFC formats is fast and simple.

#### Analytical method — Kinetex 2.6µm XB-C18



#### Preparative scale-up and fraction collection — Kinetex 5µm XB-C18



Column:	Kinetex 5 µm XB-C18 Axia Packed
Dimensions:	150 x 21.2 mm
Part No.:	00F-4605-P0-AX
Mobile Phase:	A: 0.1 % TFA in Water
	B: 0.1 % TFA in Acetonitrile
Gradient:	Linear 85:15 (A/B) to 5:95 (A/B)
	over 10 minutes
Injection Volume:	1 mL
Flow Rate:	20 mL/ min
Temperature:	Ambient
Detection:	UV @ 210 nm
Sample:	Crude peptide mix

#### Analytical fraction analysis - Kinetex 2.6 µm XB-C18

<b>Fraction 2 = 97.3 % Purity</b>	
	App ID 21453
Fraction 4	App
Fraction 3	
Fraction 2	
Fraction 1	
	4.5 5 5.5 min

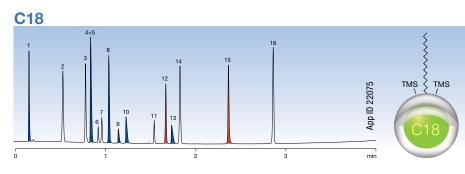
Column:	Kinetex 2.6 µm XB-C18
Dimensions:	150 x 4.6 mm
Part No.:	00F-4496-E0
Mobile Phase:	A: 0.1 % TFA in Water
	B: 0.1 % TFA in Acetonitrile
Gradient:	Linear 85:15 (A/B) to 5:95 (A/B)
	over 10 minutes
Injection Volume:	10µL
Flow Rate:	1 mL/ min
Temperature:	Ambient
Detection:	UV @ 210 nm
Sample:	Purified Fractions

Tip:

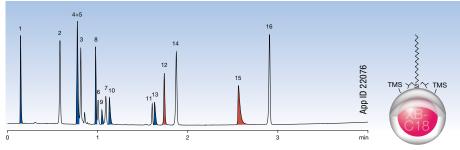
For more information on the power of Kinetex core-shell scalability, request technical note TN-1135 at: www.phenomenex.com/Kinetex/AxiaRequest

### A Broad Spectrum of Column Selectivities

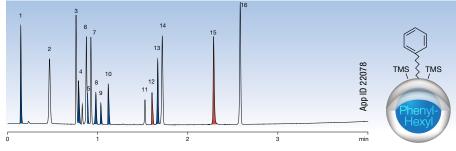
Kinetex<sup>®</sup> core-shell columns are available in a wide range of stationary phases, allowing you to optimize your separation for maximum resolution and loadability across HPLC, UHPLC, and Preparative HPLC and SFC applications.

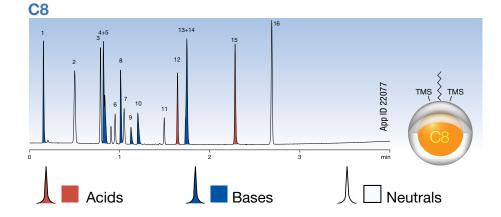


#### **XB-C18**



#### **Phenyl-Hexyl**





Conditions for all columns:	
Ostumer, Kinstey O.C. un C10	
Column: Kinetex 2.6 µm C18	
Kinetex 2.6 µm XB-C18	
Kinetex 2.6 µm Phenyl-Hexyl	
Kinetex 2.6 µm C8	
Dimensions: 50 x 2.1 mm	
Mobile Phase: A: 0.1 % Formic acid in Water	
B: 0.1 % Formic acid in Acetonitrile	
Gradient: Time (min) % B	
0.0 5	
0.2 5	
4.2 95	
4.21 5	
5.5 5	
Flow Rate: 0.8 mL/min	
Temperature: 30 °C	
Detection: UV @ 254 nm (ambient)	
Sample: 1. Pyridine	
2. Acetaminophen 3. Sulfathiazole	
4. Pindolol	
5. Quinidine	
6. Benzyl alcohol	
7. Phenol	
8. Acebutolol	
9. Chlorpheniramine	
10. Triprolidine	
11. Prednisolone	
12. 3-Methyl-4-nitrobenzoic acid	
13. Nortriptyline	
14. 2-Hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde	
15. Diflunisal	
16. Hexanophenone	

## Setting the Standard for pH Method Development



Gemini features a pH stability from 1-12, making it optimal for high alkaline washes and high pH purifications of basic drugs.

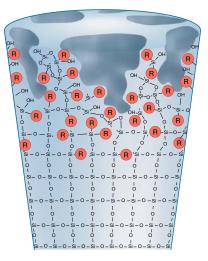
#### **Optimized parameters include:**

- Innovative surface layer for increased pH stability
- High-surface area for increased loading
- Silica smoothness for stable packing beds
- Bonding density for excellent reproducibility

### TWIN (Two-In-One) Technology™

#### Gemini C18 and C6-Phenyl

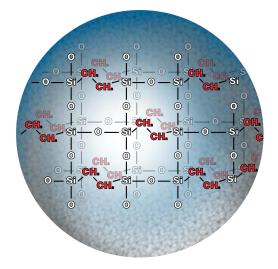
During the final stage of silica manufacturing a unique silicaorganic layer is grafted to create a completely new composite particle. Since the internal base silica is unaltered by this manufacturing process, the particle retains its mechanical strength and rigidity of the silica. This provides excellent efficiency, while the silica-organic shell protects the particle from chemical attack at extreme pH conditions.



### Second-Generation TWIN-NX<sup>™</sup> Technology

#### Gemini NX-C18

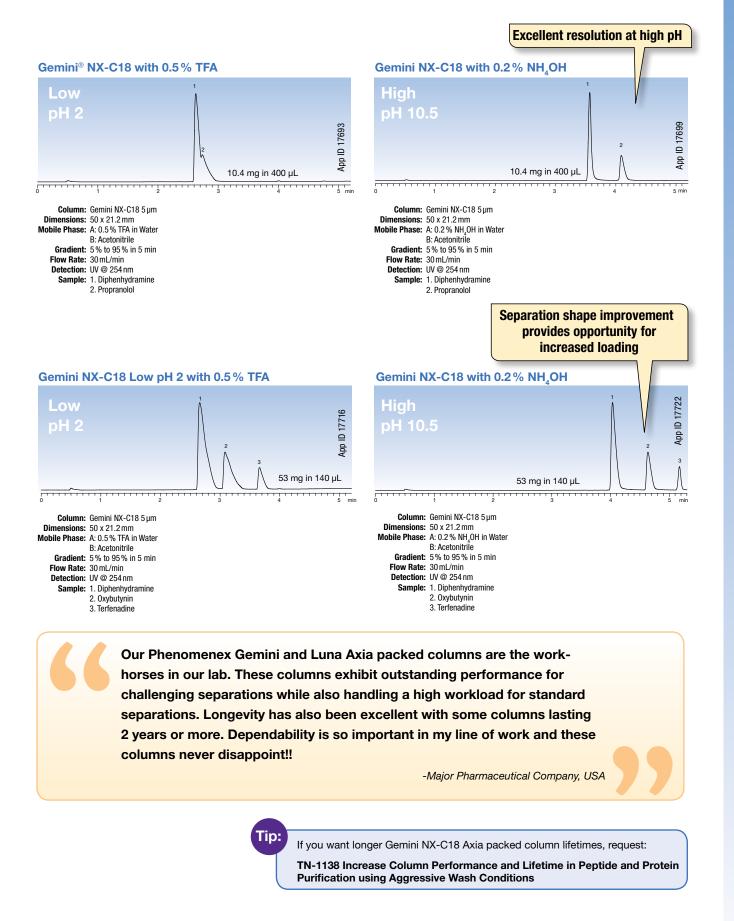
TWIN-NX technology uses an improved patented organo-silica grafting process which incorporates highly stabilizing ethane cross-linking. These organic groups are evenly incorporated into the grafted layers on the silica surface while maintaining a pure silica core. This not only provides resistance to high pH attack, but also maintains the high efficiency and mechanical strength of a silica particle.



								Applicatio	ons			Type of C	ompound	S	Loading
Key: Best Suited	Very	Good				Small				Oligonucle-			Hydro-		Available
Ney. Dest Suited	Very	GUUU				Molecules	Peptides	Proteins	Chiral	otides	Acids	Polar	phobic	Bases	Surface Area
Packing Material	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m²/g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Range										
Gemini C18	3, 5, 10	110	375	14	1.0-12.0										
Gemini C6-Phenyl	3, 5	110	375	12	1.0-12.0										
Gemini NX-C18	3, 5, 10	110	375	14	1.0-12.0										

## Flexibility in pH adjustments allows for increased purification performance.

Separating basic compounds at higher pH levels produces dramatic changes when compared to low pH conditions. At pH 10.5, the basic compounds become neutralized and are more hydrophobic. The retention for the uncharged basic compounds increases providing an increase in separation along with superior peak shapes.



## Increased Loading with Unique Selectivities



Synergi is available in four unique phases, each offering dramatic differences in:

- Selectivity
- Retention time
- Resolution

The unique selectivity profiles found within the Synergi product line offer complementary selectivity to the standard C18, C8, or silica phases traditionally employed in preparative HPLC.

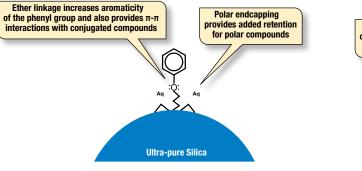
#### Synergi Polar-RP

For Polar and Aromatic Mixtures

#### (100 % Aqueous Stable)

#### Synergi Fusion-RP

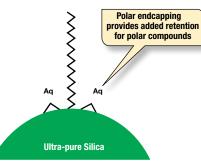
Balanced Non-polar and Polar Performance (100 % Aqueous Stable)



#### Embedded polar group complements C18 ligand with balanced polar selectivity A(a) TMS TMS TMS TMS Ultra-pure Silica

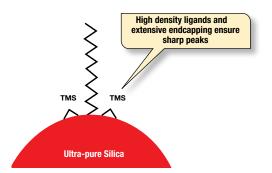
#### Synergi Hydro-RP

Strong Non-polar and Polar Retention (100 % Aqueous Stable)



#### Synergi Max-RP

**Excellent for Basic Compounds at Neutral pH** 



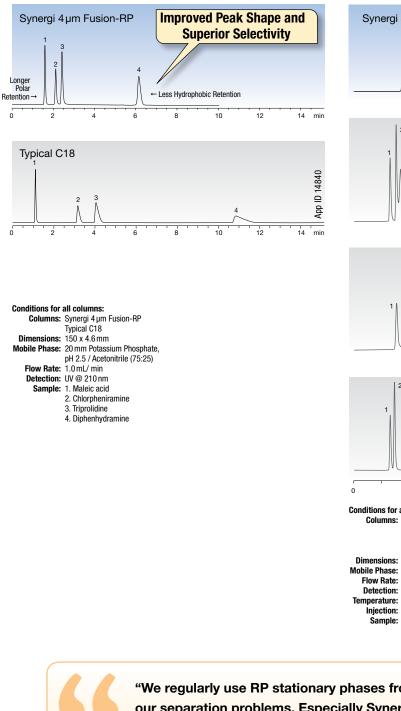
							Application	ns		Type of C	ompound	s	Loading
Key: Best Suited	Very Goo	d				Small Molecules Peptide			Oligonu- cleotides		Hydro- phobic		Available Surface Area
Packing Material	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m²/g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Range								
Synergi Fusion-RP	4, 10	80	475	12	1.5-10.0*								
Synergi Max-RP	4, 10	80	475	17	1.5-10.0*								
Synergi Hydro-RP	4, 10	80	475	19	1.5-7.5	• •							
Synergi Polar-RP	4, 10	80	475	11	1.5-7.0	• •							

\*pH range is 1.5-10 under isocratic conditions and 1.5-9.0 under gradient condtions.

### **Selectivity Like No Other**

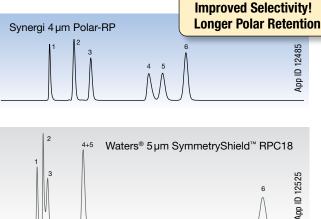
Offering a balanced combination of hydrophobic and polar selectivity, Synergi<sup>™</sup> Fusion-RP separates compounds exhibiting moderately polar and hydrophobic characteristics.

#### Hydrophobic basic compounds

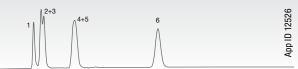


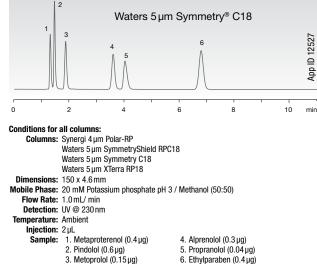
The slightest variations in compound polarity and aromaticity are exploited by Synergi Polar-RP to achieve the greatest separation between polar and/or aromatic compounds.

#### Increased resolution of polar compounds with Synergi Polar-RP compared to traditional C18 phases



Waters 5 µm XTerra® RP18





"We regularly use RP stationary phases from Phenomenex for our separation problems. Especially Synergi Polar-RP was found to often show the desired selectivity, distinguishing this phase from other RP phases."

CARBOGEN AMCIS, Switzerland



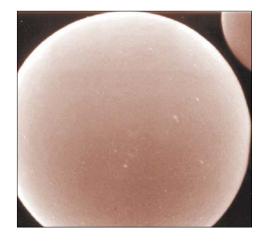
Comparative separations may not be representative of all applications.

# Media for One of the World's Leading PREP HPLC Columns

Luna<sup>®</sup> high surface area (400 m<sup>2</sup>/g) silica packing materials provide optimized parameters specifically designed for the purification of small molecules and peptides. This media allows high loading with excellent lifetimes.

#### Optimized loading parameters include:

- Silica smoothness for stable packed beds
- Optimum pore size/distribution provide outstanding performance
- High pore volume offers increased surface area
- · Fine tuned bonding density for excellent reproducibility
- Greater loading capacity with an extended pH range of 1.5 to 10.0\*



We use the Phenomenex Luna HPLC as our standard purification media to purify our customer's peptides. In addition to the excellent loadability and selectivity of the media itself, the Phenomenex PREP Team supports their entire line of products very effectively.

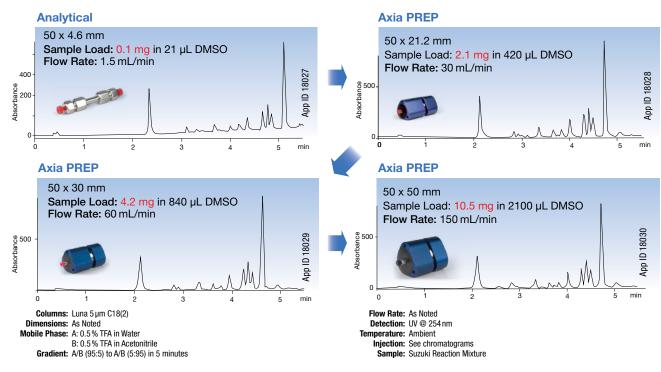
Major Biotech Manufacturer, USA

								Applications	3			Type of C	ompounds		Loading
Key: Best Suited	Very Good					Small Molecules	Peptides	Proteins	Chiral	Oligonucle- otides			Hydro- phobic	Bases	Available Surface Are
Packing Material	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m²/g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Range										
Luna C18(2)	3, 5, 10, 10- <i>PREP</i> , 15	100	400	17.5	1.5-10.0*										
Luna C8(2)	3, 5, 10, 10- <i>PREP</i> , 15	100	400	13.5	1.5-10.0*										
Luna C5	5, 10	100	440	12.5	1.5-10.0*										
Luna Phenyl-Hexyl	3, 5, 10, 10- <i>PREP</i> , 15	100	400	17.5	1.5-10.0*									Ō	
Luna Silica(2)	3, 5, 10, 10- <i>PREP</i> , 15	100	400	-	-										
Luna CN	3, 5, 10	100	400	7	1.5-7.0						$\bullet$				
Luna $\rm NH_2$	3, 5, 10	100	400	9.5	1.5-11.0										
Luna SCX	5, 10	100	400		2-7.0										
Luna HILIC	3, 5	200	200	5.7	1.5-8.0										
Luna PFP(2)	5, 10	100	400	11.5	1.5-9.0										
pH range is 1.5-10 under	isocratic conditions and	d 1 5-8 5 under	aradient cond	tions								-		-	· · ·



### Simple Scale-Up

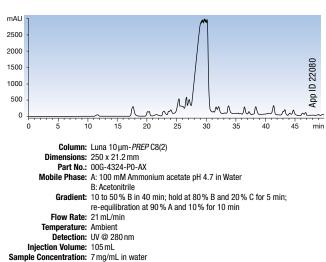
Axia<sup>™</sup> column technology provides the same high efficiency chromatographic performance for preparative scale columns (21.2, 30, and 50 mm ID) as obtained in 4.6 mm ID analytical columns. This improvement in preparative column performance across all lengths and internal diameters makes it easier to select the appropriate column size to achieve the desired purity and yield without having to compromise on performance.



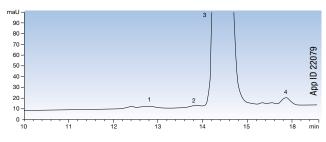
### **Proven Media for Peptide Purifications**

Optimal compromise between throughput, recovery, yield. Ability to perform high loading (0.74 g on column) and achieve high purity (>98 %) in a single purification run.

#### Preparative Purification of Bivalirudin (20 amino acid peptide also know as Angiomax)



#### Purification Elution Profile at 1.5 % Specific Load Purity Confirma



#### 11 Combined fractions 27.8 – 29.8 min; Recovery 80.5% with purity $\ge 98.5\%$

Peak No.	Time (min)	Area	Area %
1	12.74	73.7	0.35
2	13.83	40.6	0.19
3	14.37	21118.7	98.53
4	15.858	200.5	0.93

 Column:
 Luna 5 µm C18(2)
 Flow Rate:
 1 mL/min

 Dimensions:
 250 x 4.6 mm
 Temperature:
 25 ° C

 Mobile Phase:
 A: 0.1 % TFA in Water
 Detection:
 UV @ 220 nm

 B: 0.1 % TFA in Acetonitrile
 Injection Volume:
 2 µL

 Gradient:
 20 % to 50 % B in 30 min
 Sample:
 Combined Fractions

**Purity Confirmation of Combined Fractions** 

## Media for Biomolecules

The Jupiter HPLC column portfolio, including Jupiter 300 and Jupiter Proteo, offers optimized reversed phase solutions for peptide and protein purification. Identify, purify, and analyze almost any protein with Jupiter columns.

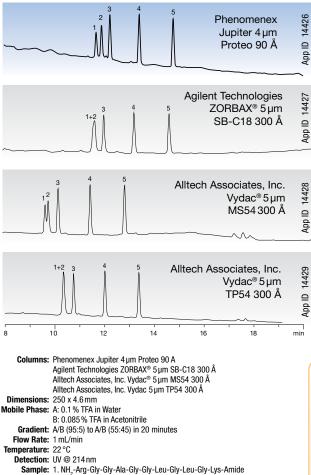


### Jupiter Proteo 90Å

- For separation of proteins and peptides < 10,000 MW</li>
- C12 bonded onto an ultra-high surface area (475 m<sup>2</sup>/g) silica for increased peak capacity and resolution of peptide separations
- Direct scale-up from analytical to preparative and bulk materials

#### **Resolve Peptides with Similar Hydrophobicity**

Jupiter Proteo is able to fully resolve peptides that differ in hydrophobicity by one methyl group.



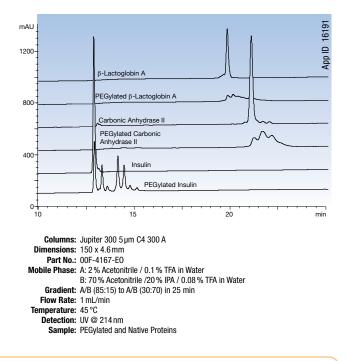
- 2. Ac-Arg-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Leu-Gly-Leu-Gly-Lys-Amide
- 3. Ac-Arg-Gly-Ala-Gly-Gly-Gly-Leu-Gly-Leu-Gly-Lys-Amide
- 4. Ac-Arg-Gly-Val-Gly-Gly-Gly-Leu-Gly-Leu-Gly-Lys-Amide
- 5. Ac-Arg-Gly-Val-Val-Gly-Gly-Leu-Gly-Leu-Gly-Lys-Amide

### Jupiter 300Å

- For separation of proteins > 10,000 MW
- Available with C18, and C4 bonded phases
- 1.5 10 pH stability for method ruggedness and easy protein removal
- Direct scale up to preparative and bulk materials

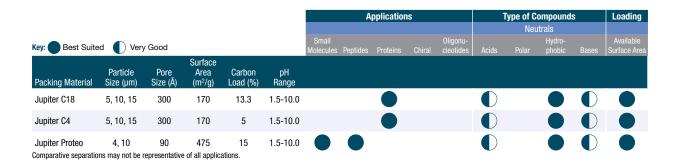
#### **Compare PEGylated vs. Native Forms of Proteins**

Reversed phase separation of PEGylated and native proteins on a Jupiter 300 C4 column. Note the good resolution of multiple PEGylated forms for all proteins tested.



We purchased the Jupiter 300 C18 300 Å column a few months ago and have been quite impressed with its performance. The Jupiter 300 column provides better separation of the proteins. As for reproducibility, the control profiles have not changed since day one of its use.

Major Biotech Company, Europe



## Purification of Synthetic Oligonucleotides



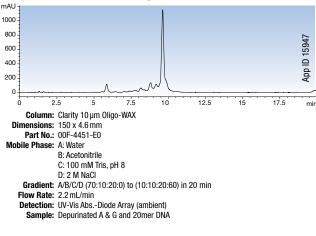
### Clarity Oligo-RP<sup>™</sup>

Unique media specifically designed for reversed phase purification of oligonucleotides with balanced hydrophobicity and polar selectivity. The media is based on composite particle TWIN<sup>™</sup> technology that provides improved selectivity and efficiency for oligonucleotides when compared to competing hybrid, polymer, and silica media.

#### **RP-HPLC** Preparative Purification

- Easily separate N-1 failure sequences from target oligo with  $>\!90\,\%$  purities
- Purify oligos up to 60 nt in length
- Trityl-off purification of DNA, RNA, thioates, and modified/ labeled oligonucleotides
- 3 μm, 5 μm, 10 μm particles for seamless scaling

#### Preparative 20nt DNA Oligo-RP Purification



### Clarity Oligo-WAX<sup>™</sup>

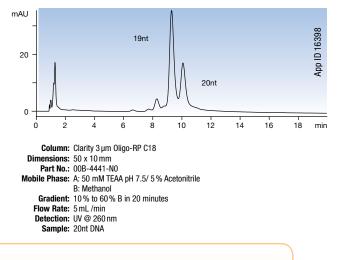
Clarity Oligo-WAX is a crosslinked weak anion exchanger media designed for successful ion-exchange purification of synthetic DNA/RNA. Oligo-WAX is an advantageous combination of purity, capacity, mechanical strength, cost, and efficiency.

- Excellent efficiency column results in > 90 % purities due to good fractionation of closely eluting compounds
- High loading capacity due to very high density ligand
- Increase productivity by running at higher flow rates and pressures

#### Purify Failure Sequences and Contaminants from Target Sequence

Ion-exchange is an excellent separation mode for purifying contaminants and failure sequences from target sequences. Clarity Oligo-WAX, due to its increased efficiency compared to other ion-exchange columns, has the ability to recognize minute charge differences in nucleotide sequences such as failure sequences or base substitutions.

#### **DNA Purification of N-1 Sequence from Target N Sequence**



We have used the Axia prep columns and not had problems with them. I have never had to adjust for retention gaps. This speaks directly to the quality of Phenomenex's phases and the quality of their PREP columns.

-Major Biotech Company, USA

							A	pplication	s			;	Loading		
												Neu	trals		
Key: Bes	t Suited	Very Good	đ			Small Molecules	Peptides	Proteins	Chiral	Oligonucle- otides			Hydro- phobic		Available Surface Area
Packing Material	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m²/g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Range										
Oligo-RP	3, 5, 10	110	375	14	1.0-12.0										
Oligo-Wax	10	360	150	-	1.0-11.0										

## Complete Chiral Solutions



Achieving optimal chiral separation is easier than ever with five unique Lux polysaccharide stationary phases to screen. Choose a phase, then transfer the method to lab scale, process, pilot, and commercial scale.

### Lux chiral preparative columns simplify the separation process:

- Unique and traditional phases that increase the success rate
   of the chiral screen
- Consistent particle size distribution so performance is maintained
- Mechanically strong media for increased stability
- Available in multiple particle sizes for direct scale up (3µm and 5µm packed columns for screening and small scale purifications; 10µm and 20µm bulk media for process scale purifications)



#### Lux Cellulose-1

Cellulose tris(3,5-dimethylphenylcarbamate) Guaranteed Alternative to CHIRALCEL<sup>®</sup> OD<sup>®</sup>, OD-H<sup>®</sup>, OD-3, OD-RH, and OD-3R



#### Lux Cellulose-3

Cellulose tris(4-methylbenzoate) Guaranteed Alternative to CHIRALCEL OJ<sup>®</sup>, OJ-H<sup>®</sup>, OJ-3, OJ-RH, and OJ-3R



Amylose tris(5-chloro-2-methylphenylcarbamate) Guaranteed Alternative to CHIRALPAK® AY®, AY-H®, AY-3, AY-RH, and AY-3R

#### **Resolve Your Enantiomers with Five** Unique Phases

The Lux family of bulk cellulose chiral selectors provides a variety of complementary selectivities.

### Screen for the most effective chiral separation under the following conditions:

- Reversed Phase
- Polar Organic
- Normal Phase
- Supercritical Fluid Chromatography (SFC)



Cellulose tris(3-chloro-4-methylphenylcarbamate) Guaranteed Alternative to CHIRALCEL OZ, OZ-H®, OZ-3, OZ-RH, and OZ-3R



#### Lux Cellulose-4

Cellulose tris(4-chloro-3-methylphenylcarbamate) Guaranteed Alternative to CHIRALCEL OX-H, OX-3, OX-RH, and OX-3R



Free Screening Services see page 28

	Chiral Applications									Ту	Loading				
												Nei	utrals		
Key: Best Suited	Very G	iood				Small Molecules	Pep- tides	Proteins	Chiral	Oligonu- cleotides	Acids	Polar	Hydro- phobic	Bases	Available Surface Area
Packing Material	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m²/g)	Carbon Load (%)	pH Range										
Lux Cellulose-1	5, 10, 20	1,000	-	-	2-9.0										
Lux Cellulose-2	5, 10, 20	1,000	-	-	2-9.0										
Lux Cellulose-3	5, 20	1,000	-	-	2-9.0										
Lux Cellulose-4	5, 20	1,000	-	-	2-9.0										
Lux Amylose-2	5	1,000	-	-	2-9.0										

### **Column Screening for Optimal Chiral Resolution**

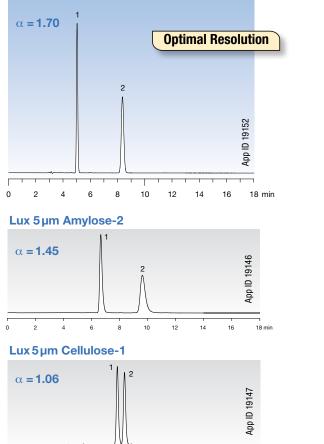
Being able to utilize differences in selectivity in each of the five Lux® columns can help develop methods more efficiently by offering broad and complementary chiral recognition abilities.

In the example below, a simple screen determined which column gave the best separation.

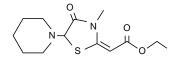
#### Etozolin

Based on a five phase screen under reversed phase conditions, the optimal chiral stationary phase for resolving Etozolin is Lux Cellulose-3.

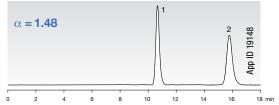
#### Lux 5 µm Cellulose-3



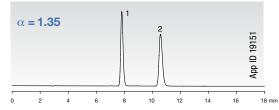
Conditions for all columns: Column: As noted Dimension: 250 x 4.6 mm Mobile Phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM Ammonium bicarbonate with 0.1 % Diethylamine (60:40) Flow Rate: 1 ml /min Temperature: Ambient Detection: UV @ 220 nm



#### Lux 5µm Cellulose-2



#### Lux 3µm Cellulose-4



6

8

10

12

ĊH<sub>3</sub>

ID 19155

App

. 14 min

#### Innovative chiral selector will succeed where others fail.

10

8

12

16

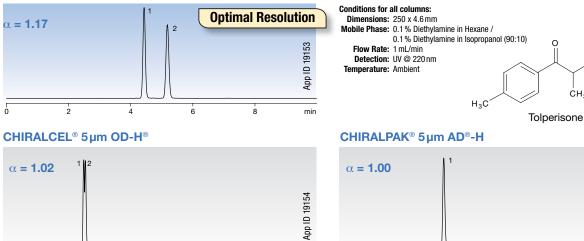
18 mir

14

12

10

#### Lux 5µm Cellulose-4



ò

14 min

2

Comparative separations may not be representative of all applications.

4

0

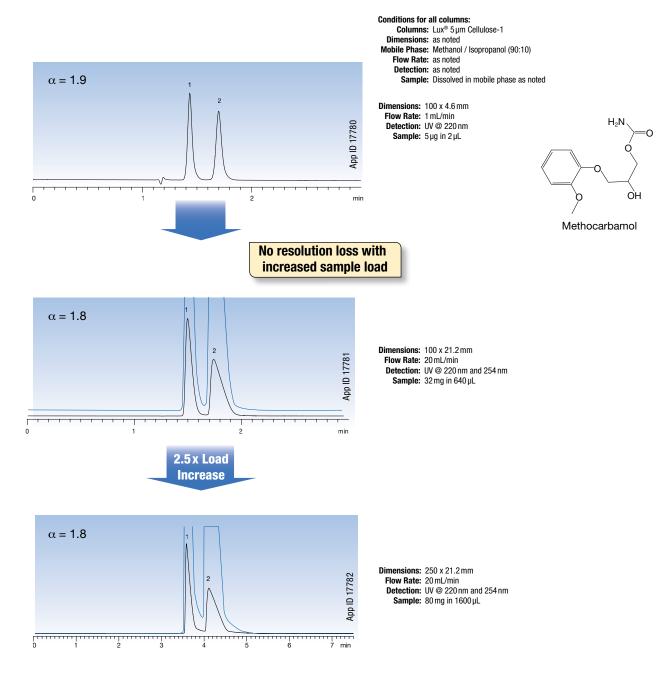
2

6

### Load More with an Increase in Column Length

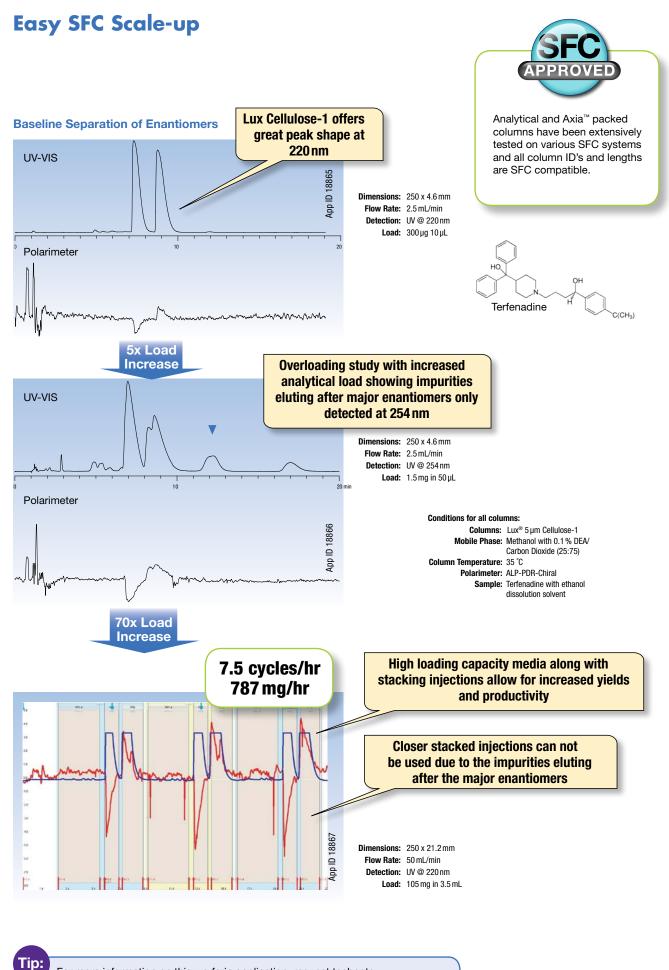
Axia<sup>™</sup> column technology allows separation to scale up directly based on column length. With the 100 mm length column a 32 mg/load separation was achieved and an increased sample

load of 80 mg/load was achieved on the longer 250 mm length column. As expected when increasing the load, the peak width and tailing increased but there was no loss of resolution.



Lux Axia preparative column are wonderful! I regularly use Lux chiral stationary phase Cellulose-2 and Cellulose-4 and less frequently, the Lux Amylose-2. In our community of chiral analysis/purification scientists, there are some who use the CC4 column instead of the \*equivalent\* Lux Cellulose-4. On several occasions we've seen separation and good peak shape on the Lux Cellulose-4 that was completely missing from the CC4. Customer support and delivery times are always within a few days.

> Julia G. Christie GlaxoSmithKline, USA



For more information on this warfarin application, request technote: TN-9002: Scaling from Analytical to Preparative Chiral Chromatography While Balancing Purity, Yield, and Throughput under HPLC and SFC Conditions Lux Medio

## Want to Extend the Lifetime of Your Axia™ Column?



### Use the SecurityGuard PREP column protection system

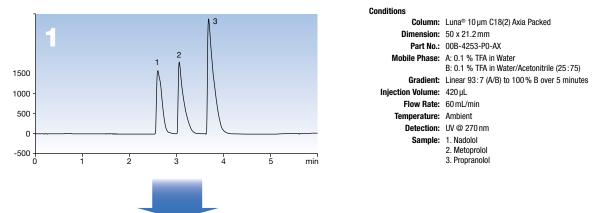
#### SecurityGuard:

- Extends prep column lifetime by as much as 5x
- Protects column from samples that precipitate out of solution
- Protects column from contaminants
- Stable and leak-free up to 60 mL/min

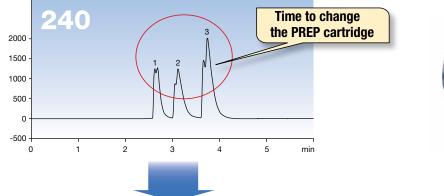
The SecurityGuard PREP system was designed to effectively (and inexpensively) protect your valuable prep columns from the damaging effects of mobile phase and sample chemical contaminants and particulates, without altering your chromatographic results.

#### **Forced Degradation Study**

#### Injection 1: Axia Packed column with SecurityGuard PREP cartridge

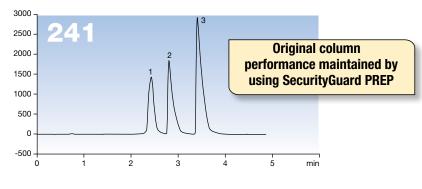


#### Injection 240: Axia Packed column with SecurityGuard PREP cartridge





#### Injection 241: Axia Packed column after removing SecurityGuard column protection system





If the SecurityGuard PREP cartridge protection system does not perform as well or better than your current guard cartridge system of similar phase and dimensions, return the product with comparative data within 45 days for a FULL REFUND.

#### SecurityGuard<sup>™</sup> PREP System

Simply match the appropriate SecurityGuard PREP cartridge and cartridge holder to your Axia column's chemistry and ID to greatly extend your column's lifetime



Choose your HPLC or SFC Column Internal Diameter, ID (mm): 18.0 - 29.0

Use Cartridges (mm):

15 x 21.2

30.0 - 49.0

15 x 30.0

Step 1: Choose column ID

Step 2: Match column phase

**Cartridges and Holders** 

#### 

Ordering Informa	tion			
Material	Description	pH Stability		
Cartridges for General Pu			/ea	/ea
Kinetex C18	(C18, XB-C18 Core-Shell Technology)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-9145	AJ0-9204
Kinetex C8	(C8 Core-Shell Technology)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-9205	AJ0-9217
Kinetex Phenyl-Hexyl	(Phenyl-Hexyl Core-Shell Technology)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-9147	AJ0-9216
C18	(ODS, Octadecyl)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7839	AJ0-8301
C12	(Dodecyl)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7842	AJ0-8304
C8	(MOS, Octyl)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7840	AJ0-8302
Silica	_	—	AJ0-7229	AJ0-8312
NH <sub>2</sub>	(Amino, Aminopropyl)	1.5 - 11	AJ0-8162	AJ0-8309
CN	(Cyano, Cyanopropyl)	2 - 7.5	AJ0-8220	AJ0-8311
Phenyl	(Phenylhexyl)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7841	AJ0-8303
PFP(2)	Pentafluorophenyl	1.5 - 8	AJ0-8377	AJ0-8378
SCX	(SA, Strong Cation Exchanger)	2.5 - 7.5	AJ0-8595	AJ0-8596
RP-1	(Reversed Phase - Polymer)	0 - 14	AJ0-8358	_
Polar-RP	(Ether-linked Phenyl)	1.5 - 7	AJ0-7845	AJ0-8307
Fusion-RP	(C18 Polar Embedded)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7844	AJ0-8306
AQ C18	(Polar Endcapped C18)	1.5 - 7.5	AJ0-7843	AJ0-8305
Gemini <sup>®</sup> NX-C18	(C18 TWIN NX <sup>™</sup> Technology)	1 - 12	AJ0-8370	AJ0-8371
Gemini C18	(C18 TWIN <sup>™</sup> Technology)	1 - 12	AJ0-7846	AJ0-8308
Oligo-RP™	(C18 TWIN Technology)	1 - 12	AJ0-8210	AJ0-8310
Oligo-WAX <sup>™</sup>	(WA, Weak Anion Exchanger)	1.5 - 11	AJ0-8639	AJ0-8420
•	I Polypeptide Reversed Phase		/ea	/ea
(Macherey-Nagel); HYPERS	s for separation of proteins & peptides, such as Jupiter® (Phenon IL® 300 Å (Thermo-Hypersil-Keystone), and other widepore or 300 .	Å brands.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
Widepore C18	(ODS, Octadecyl)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7230	AJ0-8313
Widepore C4	(Butyl)	1.5 - 10	AJ0-7231	AJ0-8314
Cartridges for Chiral			/ea	/ea
	s, such as Lux® Cellulose-1, -2, -3, -4, & Amylose-2 (Phenomenex);			,
Lux Cellulose-1	Cellulose tris (3, 5-dimethylphenylcarbamate)	2 - 9	AJ0-8405	AJ0-8406
Lux Cellulose-2	Cellulose tris (3-chloro-4-methylphenylcarbamate)	2 - 9	AJ0-8400	AJ0-8401
Lux Cellulose-3	Cellulose tris (4-methylbenzoate)	2 - 9	AJ0-8624	AJ0-8625
Lux Cellulose-4	Cellulose tris (4-chloro-3-methylphenylcarbamate)	2 - 9	AJ0-8629	AJ0-8630
Lux Amylose-2	Amylose tris (5-chloro-2-methylphenylcarbamate)	2 - 9	AJ0-8473	AJ0-8474
Prep Guard Cartridge Hold	lers (one-time purchase only)		/kit	/kit
			AJ0-8223	AJ0-8277
HPLC Holder Kit; includes co	olumn coupler			

SFC Holder Kit; includes column coupler

I used about 10-12 SecurityGuard Cartridges and received extremely long Axia column lifetimes (8000 injections). During this time the columns showed extremely good efficiency with no significant changes concerning the backpressure.

> Claudia Oschwald Bayer, Germany

/kit

AJ0-8617

/kit

AJ0-8618

## A New Era of Technical Support Services

### Let Us Do the Work for You

PhenoLogix, our in-house application support lab, saves you time and money by screening multiple scout columns and solvent strategies for new purification methods or revalidating your current methods. We work together to make you successful by minimizing your process purification development time and optimizing your purification method.

#### **Chiral Screening**

- Normal Phase
- Reversed Phase
- Polar Organic
- SFC

#### **Method Optimization Services**

- Fast Turnaround
- Easy Method Transfer
- Continued Support

#### **Preparative and Process Scale-Up**

- Media Screening
- Small Scale Purification
- DAC Packing Assistance





### Your Method, Our Scientists

Quality Products, Advanced Performance, Complete Support

For more information or to begin a project today, please contact your local Phenomenex representative or email us at **phenologix@phenomenex.com** 

#### You can also visit us online:

#### www.phenomenex.com/phenologix



Our scientists at American Peptide have taken advantage of Phenomenex's column packing services, application development, and project-specific consultation services for some of our most challenging separations.

American Peptide Company, USA



## Ordering Information

Luna<sup>®</sup> Phase

5µm

C18(2)

Length

50 50

100

100

150

ID

21.2

30

21.2

30

21.2

Part No.

00B-4252-P0-AX

00B-4252-U0-AX

00D-4252-P0-AX

00D-4252-U0-AX

00F-4252-P0-AX

Price

### **Achiral Phases**

<u>Gemini®</u>				
Phase	Length	ID	Part No.	Price
δµm				
NX-C18	50	21.2	00B-4454-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4454-U0-AX	
	75	30	00C-4454-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4454-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4454-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4454-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4454-U0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4454-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4454-U0-AX	
C18	50	21.2	00B-4435-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4435-U0-AX	
	75	30	00C-4435-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4435-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4435-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4435-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4435-U0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4435-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4435-U0-AX	
C6-Phenyl	75	30	00C-4444-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4444-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4444-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4444-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4444-P0-AX	
0μm				
NX-C18	50	21.2	00B-4455-P0-AX	
	50	50	00B-4455-V0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4455-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4455-U0-AX	
	100	50	00D-4455-V0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4455-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4455-U0-AX	
	150	50	00F-4455-V0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4455-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4455-U0-AX	
	250	50	00G-4455-V0-AX	
C18	50	21.2	00B-4436-P0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4436-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4436-U0-AX	
	100	50	00D-4436-V0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4436-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4436-U0-AX	
	150	50	00F-4436-V0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4436-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4436-U0-AX	
	250	50	00G-4436-V0-AX	

	150	21.2	00F-4252-P0-AX
	250	21.2	00G-4252-P0-AX
	250	30	00G-4252-U0-AX
C8(2)	50	21.2	00B-4249-P0-AX
00(2)	50	30	00B-4249-U0-AX
	100	21.2	00D-4249-P0-AX
	100	30	00D-4249-U0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4249-P0-AX
C5	150	21.2	00F-4043-P0-AX
CN	50	21.2	00B-4255-P0-AX
	100	30	00D-4255-U0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4255-P0-AX
	250	21.2	00G-4255-P0-AX
Phenyl-Hexyl	50	21.2	00B-4257-P0-AX
	100	21.2	00D-4257-P0-AX
	100	30	00D-4257-U0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4257-P0-AX
NH <sub>2</sub>	100	21.2	00D-4378-P0-AX
2	150	21.2	00F-4378-P0-AX
	250	21.2	00G-4378-P0-AX
HILIC	50	21.2	00B-4450-P0-AX
TILLIU			
	100	21.2	00D-4450-P0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4450-P0-AX
	250	21.2	00G-4450-P0-AX
	250	30	00G-4450-U0-AX
PFP(2)	50	21.2	00B-4448-P0-AX
	100	21.2	00D-4448-P0-AX
	100	30	00D-4448-U0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4448-P0-AX
	250	21.2	00G-4448-P0-AX
	250	30	00G-4448-U0-AX
Silica (2)	50	21.2	00B-4274-P0-AX
Silica (2)			
	100	21.2	00D-4274-P0-AX
	100 150	21.2 21.2	00D-4274-P0-AX 00F-4274-P0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX
	150 250	21.2 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX
	150	21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX
10 µm	150 250 250	21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX
	150 250 250 50	21.2 21.2 30 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX
10 µm	150 250 250 50 50	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX
10 µm	150 250 250 50 50 100	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX
10 µm	150 250 250 50 50 100 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX
10 µm	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX
10μm C18(2)	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX
10 µm	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00B-4250-P0-AX
10μm C18(2)	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX
10μm C18(2)	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250 250 250 50	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00B-4250-P0-AX
10μm C18(2)	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250 250 250 50 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00B-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX
10µm С18(2) С8(2)	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250 250 250 50 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 50	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX
10µm С18(2) С8(2)	150 250 250 50 50 100 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00B-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX
10µm С18(2) С8(2) С5	150 250 250 50 50 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX
10μm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN	150 250 250 50 50 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX
10µm С18(2) С8(2) С5	150 250 250 50 100 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 2	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl	150 250 250 50 50 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub>	150 250 250 50 100 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 2	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl	150 250 250 50 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub>	150 250 250 50 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4091-P0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2)	150 250 250 50 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2)	150 250 250 50 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 50	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4291-P0-AX 00G-4091-P0-AX 00G-4091-V0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2)	150 250 250 50 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4285-U0-AX 00G-4091-P0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2)	150 250 250 50 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 50	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4291-P0-AX 00G-4091-P0-AX 00G-4091-V0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2)	150 250 250 50 50 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-P0-AX 00G-4092-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4291-P0-AX 00G-4091-V0-AX 00G-4091-V0-AX
10 µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 CN Phenyl-Hexyl NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2)	150 250 250 50 50 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4273-P0-AX 00G-4273-P0-AX
10µm C18(2) C8(2) C5 C5 CN PhenyI-HexyI NH <sub>2</sub> Silica (2) 15µm C18(2)	150 250 250 50 50 250 250 250 250 250 250	21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 50 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 30 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.2 21.	00F-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-P0-AX 00G-4274-U0-AX 00B-4253-P0-AX 00B-4253-U0-AX 00D-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-P0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4253-V0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-P0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4250-V0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4285-P0-AX 00G-4273-P0-AX 00G-4273-P0-AX 00G-4273-P0-AX 00G-4273-U0-AX

#### **Jupiter**<sup>®</sup>

Phase	Length	ID	Part No.	Price
10 µm				
Proteo	250	21.2	00G-4397-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4397-U0-AX	
C18 300 Å	100	21.2	00D-4055-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4055-U0-AX	
C4 300 Å	100	21.2	00D-4168-P0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4168-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4168-P0-AX	

### Achiral Phases (continued)

#### Kinetex®

Phase	Length	ID	Part No.	Price
5µm				
XB-C18	50	21.2	00B-4605-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4605-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4605-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4605-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4605-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4605-U0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4605-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4605-U0-AX	
C18	50	21.2	00B-4601-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4601-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4601-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4601-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4601-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4601-U0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4601-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4601-U0-AX	
C8	50	21.2	00B-4608-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4608-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4608-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4608-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4608-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4608-U0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4608-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4608-U0-AX	
Phenyl-Hexyl	50	21.2	00B-4603-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4603-U0-AX	
	100	00 21.2 00D-4603-P0-AX		
	100	30	00D-4603-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4603-P0-AX	
	150	30	00F-4603-U0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4603-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4603-U0-AX	

#### Synergi<sup>™</sup>

hase	Length	ID	Part No.	Price
μm				
Fusion-RP	50	21.2	00B-4424-P0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4424-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4424-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4424-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4424-P0-AX	
Hydro-RP	50	21.2	00B-4375-P0-AX	
	75	30	00C-4375-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4375-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4375-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4375-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4375-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4375-U0-AX	
Max-RP	50	21.2	00B-4337-P0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4337-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4337-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4337-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4337-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4337-U0-AX	
Polar-RP	50	21.2	00B-4336-P0-AX	
	50	30	00B-4336-U0-AX	
	75	30	00C-4336-U0-AX	
	100	21.2	00D-4336-P0-AX	
	100	30	00D-4336-U0-AX	
	150	21.2	00F-4336-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4336-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4336-U0-AX	
0 µm				
Fusion-RP	250	21.2	00G-4425-P0-AX	
Hydro-RP	250	21.2	00G-4376-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4376-U0-AX	
Max-RP	100	21.2	00D-4350-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4350-P0-AX	
	100	30	00G-4350-U0-AX	
Polar-RP	250	21.2	00G-4351-P0-AX	

For additional sizes not displayed, please contact your Phenomenex technical consultant or local distributor.

Length	ID	Part No.	Price
100	21.2	00D-4442-P0-AX	
250	21.2	00G-4442-P0-AX	
150	21.2	00F-4445-P0-AX	
150	30	00F-4445-U0-AX	
250	21.2	00G-4445-P0-AX	
150	21.2	00F-4451-P0-AX	
150	30	00F-4451-U0-AX	
250	21.2	00G-4451-P0-AX	
	100 250 150 150 250 150 150	100         21.2           250         21.2           150         21.2           150         21.2           150         30           250         21.2           150         30           250         21.2           150         30           250         21.2           150         21.2           150         30	100         21.2         00D-4442-P0-AX           250         21.2         00G-4442-P0-AX           150         21.2         00F-4445-P0-AX           150         30         00F-4445-P0-AX           250         21.2         00G-4442-P0-AX           150         30         00F-4445-P0-AX           150         21.2         00G-4445-P0-AX           150         21.2         00G-4445-P0-AX           150         21.2         00F-4451-P0-AX           150         30         00F-4451-P0-AX

### **Chiral Phases**

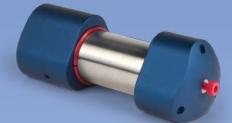
Phase	Length	ID	Part No.	Price
5µm				
Amylose-2	150	21.2	00F-4472-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4472-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4472-U0-AX	
Cellulose-1	150	21.2	00F-4459-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4459-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4459-U0-AX	
	250	50	00G-4459-V0-AX	
Cellulose-2	150	21.2	00F-4457-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4457-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4457-U0-AX	
	250	50	00G-4457-V0-AX	
Cellulose-3	150	21.2	00F-4493-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4493-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4493-U0-AX	
	250	50	00G-4493-V0-AX	
Cellulose-4	150	21.2	00F-4491-P0-AX	
	250	21.2	00G-4491-P0-AX	
	250	30	00G-4491-U0-AX	
	250	50	00G-4491-V0-AX	

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If Axia<sup>™</sup> packed columns do not provide at least an equivalent separation as compared to a competing preparative column of the same particle size, same phase and dimensions, return the column with comparative data within 45 days for a FULL REFUND. Only applies to 21.2 mm ID columns.

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