TN-1327 Modernization of USP and Ph. Eur. Method – Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate Organic Impurities

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Introduction

Pantoprazole is a proton pump inhibitor used for the treatment of stomach ulcers and short-term treatment of erosive esophagitis due to gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD). This study shows the effective separation of Pantoprazole from its organic impurities and related substances according to Ph. Eur. Monograph 2296 and USP Monograph for Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate Organic Impurities Test 2. Further, as part of the modernization of the chromatographic method to improve the performance and reduce the time of analysis using smaller particles and shorter columns within the allowable adjustments of chromatographic conditions as per USP General Chapter <621> and Ph. Eur. Liquid Chromatography 2.2.46 general chapter guidelines. All the chromatographic conditions for the analysis mentioned in both Ph. Eur. and USP are the same except the concentration of the standard solution and the system suitability criteria as indicated below.

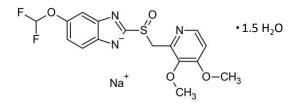
In this technical note, the fully porous Luna[™] 5 µm C18(2), 125 x 4.0 mm (specified dimensions as per the monograph) column was used for the analysis of Pantoprazole. Further, modernization of this method was carried out on a fully porous, thermally modified, Luna Omega 3 µm C18, 100 x 3.0 mm column and a fully porous organosilica Gemini[™] 3 µm NX-C18, 100 x 3 mm column by scaling down the method to current column dimensions and the method has been verified with adjusted flow rate (rounding off to single decimal point) and gradient within the adjustments of chromatographic conditions allowed per USP and Ph. Eur. for gradient methods (**Table 1**).

System suitability per USP Monograph for Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate Organic Impurities Test 2 is resolution no less than (NLT) 1.5 between Pantoprazole related compound E and Pantoprazole related compounds D and F (which are observed to co-elute), a symmetry factor no more than (NMT) 2.0, and relative standard deviation (%RSD) NMT 5.0 %. System suitability per Ph. Eur. Monograph 2296 for Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate Related Substances is a minimum resolution of 1.5 between the peaks due to impurities E and D and F, and the chromatogram obtained is similar to the chromatogram supplied with Pantoprazole for System Suitability CRS (**Figure 2**).

All reference solutions were prepared as indicated in Ph. Eur. monograph 2296 for Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate. The following Certified Reference Standards (CRS) were purchased from the European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines & HealthCare (EDQM) – Council of Europe; Postal address: Allee Kastner CS 30026F -67081 Strasbourg (France):

- Y0000835, Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate CRS
- Y0001001, Pantoprazole for System Suitability CRS

Figure 1. Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate



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 Table 1. Ph. Eur. and USP Adjustments of Chromatographic Conditions and Method Comparison.

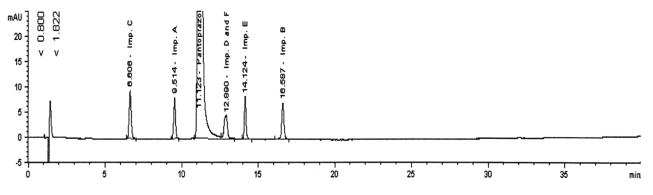
Method Parameter	Allowable Adjustments	Ph. Eur. and USP Monograph Method	Proposed Modernization Method	
Column Length (L) in mm	Not Specified	125 mm	100 mm	
Column Diameter (dc) in mm	Not Specified	4.0 mm	3.0 mm	
Column Particle Size (dp) in μm	Not Specified	5 µm	3 µm	
L/dp	L/dp remains constant or between the -25 % to +50 % of prescribed ratio.	25,000 (125 mm / 5 μm)	33,333 (100 mm / 3 μm) (+33.33 %)	
Flow Rate (F) in mL/min	Adjustment is permitted to maintain linear velocity when changing column dimensions.	1.0 mL/min	0.9 mL/min (Customized flow rounding off)	
Gradient	%B 20 80 20 20	Time 0 40 45 60	Time 0 19.2 21.6 28.8	
Column Temperature	± 5 %	40 °C	As Specified	
Mobile Phase pH	± 0.2	7.0	As Specified	
Injection Volume	Can be reduced so long as precision and detection limits are met.	20 µL	9 μL	
Wavelength	None	290 nm and 305 nm	As Specified	
Buffer Concentration	± 10 %	10 mM	As Specified	

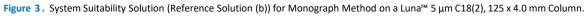
LC Conditions Column:	Luna 5 μm C18(2), 125 x 4.0 mm (<u>00E-4252-D0</u>) Luna Omega 3 μm C18, 100 x 3.0 mm (<u>00D-4784-Y0</u>) Gemini 3 μm NX-C18, 100 x 3.0 mm (<u>00D-4453-Y0</u>)					
Mobile Phase:	Mobile Phase (Table 2)				
Gradient:	Monograph Me	ethod	Modernized M	ethod		
	Time (min)	%В	Time (min)	%В		
	0	20	0	20		
	40	80	19.2	80		
	45	20	21.6	20		
	60	20	28.8	20		
Flow Rate:	1.0 mL/min – Monograph Method 0.9 mL/min – Modernized Method					
Injection Volume:	20 μL – Monograph Method					
	9 µL - Modernized Method					
Temperature:	40 °C					
Detector:	UV @ 290 nm and 305 nm					
System:	Waters® Arc HPLC					

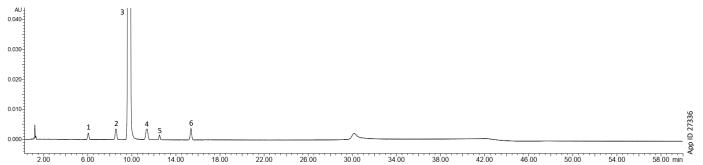
Table 2. Preparation of Test and Reference Solutions

Solution	Composition			
Mobile Phase	A: 1.74 g/L of Dipotassium Hydrogen Phosphate, pH adjusted to 7.00 ± 0.05 with 330 g/L solution of Phosphoric Acid. B: Acetonitrile			
Solvent Mixture – Ph. Eur.	Acetonitrile / 40 mg/L solution of Sodium Hydroxide (0.001 N Sodium			
Diluent - USP	Hydroxide in Water), (50:50, v/v).			
Test Solution	Dissolve 23 mg of Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate CRS in Solvent Mixture and dilute to 50.0 mL with Solvent Mixture.			
Reference Solution (a) – Ph. Eur.	Dilute 1.0 mL of Test Solution to 100 mL with Solvent Mixture. Dilute 1.0 mL of this solution to 10 mL with Solvent Mixture.			
Reference Solution (b) – Ph. Eur.	Dissolve 2.5 mg of Pantoprazole for System Suitability CRS			
System Suitability Solution – USP	(containing impurities A, B, C, D, and E) in Solvent Mixture and dilute to 5.0 mL with Solvent Mixture .			
Standard Solution – USP	0.03 mg/mL of Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate CRS in Diluent.			

Figure 2. Reference Chromatogram for Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate from EDQM.







Peak No.	Analyte	Retention Time (min)	Relative Retention Time	Resolution (NLT 1.5)	Symmetry Factor
1	Related Impurity C	6.05	0.62	-	1.02
2	Related Impurity A	8.56	0.88	-	0.95
3	Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate	9.77	1.0	-	0.92
4	Related Impurities D and F	11.38	1.17	4.19	0.90
5	Related Impurity E	12.51	1.28	4.19	1.02
6	Related Impurity B	15.36	1.57	-	0.94

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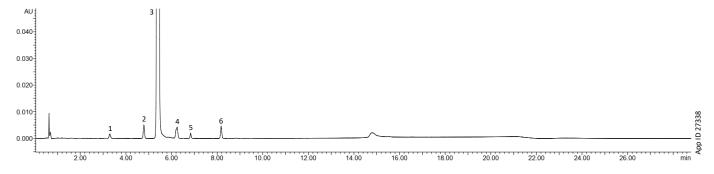
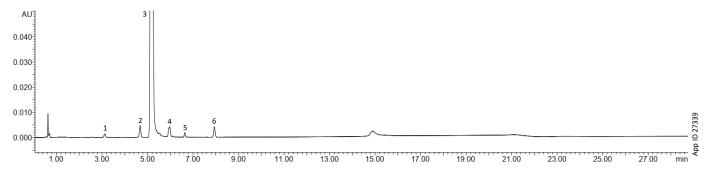


Figure 4. System Suitability Solution (Reference Solution (b)) for Modernized Method on a Luna™ Omega 3 µm C18, 100 x 3.0 mm Column.

Peak No.	Analyte	Retention Time (min)	Relative Retention Time	Resolution (NLT 1.5)	Symmetry Factor
1	Related Impurity C	3.30	0.61	-	1.05
2	Related Impurity A	4.79	0.89	-	0.98
3	Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate	5.41	1	-	0.99
4	Related Impurities D and F	6.25	1.16	F 4F	0.85
5	Related Impurity E	6.84	1.27	5.15	1.16
6	Related Impurity B	8.18	1.51	-	1.04

Figure 5. System Suitability Solution (Reference Solution (b)) for Modernized Method on a Gemini™ 3 µm NX-C18, 100 x 3.0 mm Column.



Peak No.	Analyte	Retention Time (min)	Relative Retention Time	Resolution (NLT 1.5)	Symmetry Factor
1	Related Impurity C	3.12	0.60	-	1.06
2	Related Impurity A	4.68	0.90	-	0.90
3	Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate	5.18	1	-	1.00
4	Related Impurities D and F	5.97	1.15	F F1	0.88
5	Related Impurity E	6.64 1.28 5.51		1.10	
6	Related Impurity B	7.94	1.53	-	1.03

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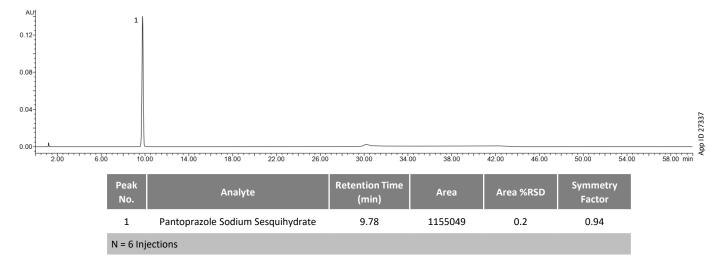
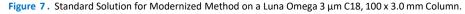
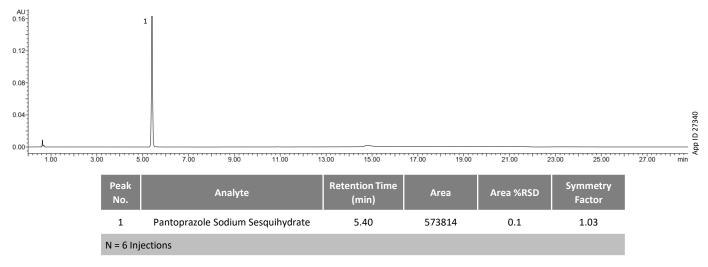
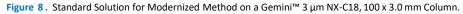
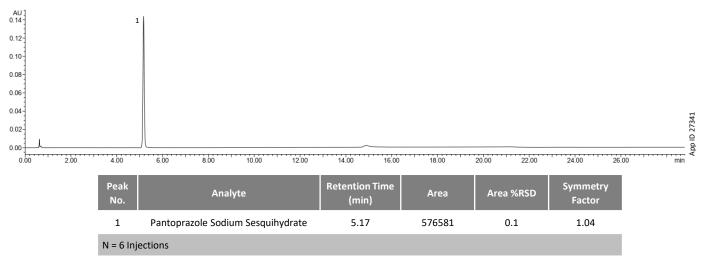


Figure 6. Standard Solution for Monograph Method on a Luna[™] 5 µm C18(2), 125 x 4.0 mm Column.









Conclusions

Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate Ph. Eur. monograph 2296 and Pantoprazole Sodium USP monograph methods were successfully analyzed on a Luna[™] 5 µm C18(2), 125 x 4.0 mm column, run per the monograph conditions, and all system suitability requirements were met. The Gemini[™] 3 µm NX-C18, 100 x 3.0 mm column is an ethylene-bridged organo-silica hybrid with an extended pH stability to pH 12. Since the Test Solution is strongly basic (Acetonitrile / 40 mg/L solution of Sodium Hydroxide (0.001 N Sodium Hydroxide in Water), (50:50, v/v), this is a preferred solution for a longer lifetime of the column. Modernization of analytical methods, as demonstrated here, helps to improve the performance and reduce the time of analysis (runtime was reduced by 50 % in the current method of analysis) using smaller particles and shorter columns. These method parameter changes met the allowable adjustments within the Adjustments of Chromatographic Conditions Criteria as per USP General Chapter <621> and Ph. Eur. Liquid chromatography 2.2.46 general chapter guidelines.

All requirements for system suitability were met for both the Pantoprazole Sodium Sesquihydrate Ph. Eur. monograph 2296 and the Pantoprazole Sodium USP monograph using a Luna Omega 3 μ m C18, 100 x 3.0 mm column and a Gemini 3 μ m NX-C18, 100 x 3.0 mm column under the modernized method shown here, demonstrating that either of these columns would be suitable for improving method performance and reducing run times.

Luna Omega Ordering Information

3 μm MidBore	SecurityGuard [™] Cartridges (mm)			
Phases	50 x 3.0	100 x 3.0	150 x 3.0	4 x 2.0* /10 pk
Polar C18	<u>00B-4760-Y0</u>	<u>00D-4760-Y0</u>	<u>00F-4760-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-7600</u>
PS C18	<u>00B-4758-Y0</u>	<u>00D-4758-Y0</u>	<u>00F-4758-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-7605</u>
C18	<u>00B-4784-Y0</u>	<u>00D-4784-Y0</u>	<u>00F-4784-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-7611</u>
SUGAR	—	—	<u>00F-4775-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-4496</u>
				For ID: 2.0.2.0 mm

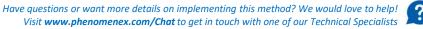
For ID: 2.0-3.0 mm

Gemini Ordering Information

3 μm Micro	bore, Minibore	, and MidBore	Columns (mm)							SecurityGuard Cartridges
Phases	50 x 1.0	20 x 2.0	30 x 2.0	50 x 2.0	100 x 2.0	150 x 2.0	50 x 3.0	100 x 3.0	150 x 3.0	4 x 2.0* /10pk
C18	00B-4439-A0	<u>00M-4439-B0</u>	<u>00A-4439-B0</u>	<u>00B-4439-B0</u>	<u>00D-4439-B0</u>	<u>00F-4439-B0</u>	<u>00B-4439-Y0</u>	<u>00D-4439-Y0</u>	<u>00F-4439-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-7596</u>
C6-Phenyl	-	-	-	<u>00B-4443-B0</u>	<u>00D-4443-B0</u>	<u>00F-4443-B0</u>	<u>00B-4443-Y0</u>	<u>00D-4443-Y0</u>	<u>00F-4443-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-7914</u>
NX-C18	00B-4453-A0	<u>00M-4453-B0</u>	<u>00A-4453-B0</u>	<u>00B-4453-B0</u>	<u>00D-4453-B0</u>	<u>00F-4453-B0</u>	<u>00B-4453-Y0</u>	<u>00D-4453-Y0</u>	<u>00F-4453-Y0</u>	<u>AJ0-8367</u>
										()= 0000

for ID: 2.0-3.0 mm

*SecurityGuard Analytical Cartridges require holder, Part No.: KJ0-4282



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