

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 04/03/2020 Revision date: 04/03/2020 Version: 1.0

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Alcohols Blend

Product code : AL0-131012

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Supplier

Phenova

6390 Joyce Dr. Suite 100

Golden, CO 80403 - United States T 1-866-942-2978 - F 1-866-283-0269 info@phenova.com - www.phenova.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTel Assistance (US/Canada) 1-800-255-3924

ChemTel Assistance (International) +1 813-248-0585

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Category 2
Acute toxicity (oral)
H302

Acute toxicity (oral) H302 Harmful if swallowed Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation H315

H315 Causes skin irritation

Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye H318 Causes serious eye damage irritation Category 1
Specific target organ H370 Causes damage to organs

toxicity (single exposure)

Category 1

Specific target organ H335 May cause respiratory irritation

toxicity (single exposure)

Category 3

Specific target organ H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

toxicity (single exposure)

Category 3

Full text of H statements : see section 16

# 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

## **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)









Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H302 - Harmful if swallowed H315 - Causes skin irritation H318 - Causes serious eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H370 - Causes damage to organs

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

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P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in

accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Conc.
Isopropanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	30
2-butanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 78-92-2	14
ethanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 64-17-5	14
1-propanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 71-23-8	14
1-butanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 71-36-3	10
Isobutanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 78-83-1	10
methanol (Component)	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	8

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed

by warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness

persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and : Based

symptoms

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

## 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

## 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No additional information available

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

## 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up in absorbent material. Collect spillage.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation

of vapor.

Hygiene measures : Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep container closed when not in use. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated

place. Keep away from any flames or sparking source.

Incompatible materials : Direct sunlight.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

ACGIH ACGIH TWA (ppm)		ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
	ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
	ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018

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1-butanol (71-36-3)			
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
2-butanol (78-92-2)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
ethanol (64-17-5)			
ACGIH	Local name	Ethanol	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
Isobutanol (78-83-1)			
ACGIH	Local name	Isobutanol	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Skin & eye irr	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
Isopropanol (67-63-0)			
ACGIH	Local name	2-Propanol	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr; CNS impair	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	980 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
methanol (67-56-1)			
ACGIH	Local name	Methanol	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Methanol; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Methanol; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value)	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
1-propanol (71-23-8)			
ACGIH	Local name	n-Propanol (n-Propyl alcohol)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr	

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1-propanol (71-23-8)		
ACGIH Regulatory reference ACGIH 2018		ACGIH 2018
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	500 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA

## 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.

## 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Safety glasses.

#### Hand protection:

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration

## Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

## Skin and body protection:

Wear chemically protective gloves, lab coat or apron to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

## Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Log Pow

Auto-ignition temperature





## Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1.	Information	on basic	physical	and	chemical	properties
Physica	l state				: Liqui	d
					: Colo	rless

: characteristic Odor threshold No data available No data available рΗ Melting point : No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point : No data available No data available Flash point Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable. Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available Solubility : No data available

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: No data available

: No data available

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Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosion limits : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

## 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No additional information available

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Alashala Bland	
Alcohols Blend	
ATE US (oral) 939.991 mg/kg body weight	
1-butanol (71-36-3)	
LD50 oral rat	2292 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3430 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	3430 mg/kg body weight
2-butanol (78-92-2)	
LD50 oral rat	2193 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	2193 mg/kg body weight
ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	10740 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Literature study, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	117 - 125 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation)
ATE US (oral)	10740 mg/kg body weight
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2830 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	24.6 mg/l air (Other, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))

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Isopropanol (67-63-0)		
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	16400 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 10000 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))	
ATE US (oral)	5840 mg/kg body weight	
methanol (67-56-1)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; BASF test; Literature study; 1187-2769 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	85 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	64000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)	
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h	
1-propanol (71-23-8)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	4049 mg/kg (Rabbit, Dermal)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	9.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Inhalation)	
ATE US (dermal)	4049 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (vapors)	9.8 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	9.8 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-single exposure	<ul> <li>Causes damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>	
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Symptoms/effects	: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.	

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

1-butanol (71-36-3)	
LC50 fish 1	1376 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1328 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

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LC50 fish 1

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LC30 IISH 1	3670 mg/l (96 n, Pilnephales prometas, Flow-trifough system)
EC50 Daphnia 1	2300 mg/l (24 h, Daphnia magna, Locomotor effect)
ethanol (64-17-5)	
LC50 fish 1	14200 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	
LC50 fish 1	1430 mg/l (Other, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1100 mg/l (ASTM, 48 h, Daphnia pulex, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
ErC50 (algae)	1799 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
Isopropanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 fish 1	9640 - 10000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l (LC50; EPA 660/3 - 75/009; 96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EC50; DIN 38412-11; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
LC50 fish 2	10800 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri)
1-propanol (71-23-8)	
LC50 fish 1	4480 mg/l (96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system)
EC50 Daphnia 1	3644 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna)
2.2. Persistence and degradability	
Alcohols Blend	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
1-butanol (71-36-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.1 - 1.92 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.46 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.59 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.33 - 0.79
2-butanol (78-92-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.87 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.47 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.59 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.72
ethanol (64-17-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 - 0.967 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.43
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Isopropanol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily
Totaleteries and degradability	biodegradable in water.

3670 mg/l (96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system)

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**1-butanol (71-36-3)** Surface tension

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Isopropanol (67-63-0)	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.4 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	1.5 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.8 (Literature study)
1-propanol (71-23-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.47 - 1.63 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.4 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.20 - 0.44
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Alcohols Blend	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
1-butanol (71-36-3)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3.16 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)
Log Pow	1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
2-butanol (78-92-2)	
Log Pow	0.61 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
ethanol (64-17-5)	
BCF fish 1	1 (Other, 72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across)
Log Pow	-0.31 (Experimental value)
Log Pow Bioaccumulative potential	-0.31 (Experimental value)  Not bioaccumulative.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential Isobutanol (78-83-1)	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  methanol (67-56-1)	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). <p>&lt; 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)</p>
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1  Log Pow	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  < 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)  -0.77 (Experimental value; Other)
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  < 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  1-propanol (71-23-8)	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). <ul> <li>&lt; 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)</li> <li>-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)</li> <li>Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF &lt; 500).</li> </ul>
Bioaccumulative potential  Isobutanol (78-83-1)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  Isopropanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential  methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1  Log Pow  Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.  1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  < 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)  -0.77 (Experimental value; Other)

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0.07 N/m (20 °C, 1 g/l, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)

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1-butanol (71-36-3)		
Log Koc	0.388 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.	
2-butanol (78-92-2)		
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.	
ethanol (64-17-5)		
Surface tension	0.022 N/m (20 °C)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Isobutanol (78-83-1)		
Surface tension	0.0697 N/m (20 °C, 1 g/l, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)	
Log Koc	0.31 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Isopropanol (67-63-0)		
Surface tension	0.021 N/m (25 °C)	
Log Koc	0.185 - 0.541 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
methanol (67-56-1)		
Surface tension	0.023 N/m (20 °C)	
Log Koc	Koc,PCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Calculated value	
1-propanol (71-23-8)		
Surface tension	0.024 N/m (20 °C)	

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

Alcohols Blend			
1-butanol (71-36-3)			
2-butanol (78-92-2)			
ethanol (64-17-5)			
Isobutanol (78-83-1)			
Isopropanol (67-63-0)			
methanol (67-56-1)			
1-propanol (71-23-8)			

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

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#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Class (DOT)

Transport document description : UN1993 Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (2-propanol; 2-butanol; 1-propanol; 1-butanol; isobutanol;

methanol), 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1993

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, n.o.s.

2-propanol; 2-butanol; 1-propanol; 1-butanol; isobutanol; methanol: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

FLAMMABLE LIQUID

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature

during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous

material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** 

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25

passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 12

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### **Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Not applicable

#### Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-propanol; 2-butanol; 1-butanol;

isobutanol; methanol), 3, II

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1993

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1 L

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#### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (2-propanol; 2-butanol; 1-propanol; 1-butanol; isobutanol;

methanol), 3, II

UN-No. (IATA) : 1993

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids

Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. US Federal regulations

#### 1-butanol (71-36-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

#### 2-butanol (78-92-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

#### ethanol (64-17-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### Isobutanol (78-83-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

## Isopropanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

#### methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

#### 1-propanol (71-23-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

## 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

## 1-butanol (71-36-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### 2-butanol (78-92-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## ethanol (64-17-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Isobutanol (78-83-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## Isopropanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## 1-propanol (71-23-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

## **National regulations**

#### ethanol (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

## methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

methanol (67-56-1)					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		47000 μg/day (inhalation); 23,000 μg/day (oral)

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date : 04/03/2020

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

#### Full text of H-phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H370	Causes damage to organs

## Phenova US SDS REV

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