TN-1151

APPLICATION



Simple and Fast Quantitation of Nicotinic Acid and Nicotinamide in Human Plasma by Applying Impact[™] Protein Precipitation Plate Technology with Gemini[®] 3 µm C18 HPLC Columns

Shuguang Li and Erica Pike

Phenomenex, Inc., 411 Madrid Ave., Torrance, CA 90501 USA

Nicotinic acid and nicotinamide were extracted from human plasma by performing a rapid protein precipitation using Impact Protein Precipitation Plates followed by HPLC analysis using a Gemini 3 μ m C18 100 x 4.6 mm HPLC column and positive polarity ESI LC-MS/MS system. Impact technology offers easy, fast protein removal while providing maximized recovery of the target analytes. The Gemini 3 μ m C18 HPLC column produced excellent chromatographic resolution, sensitivity, and high peak capacities.

Introduction

Niacin (nicotinic acid) is a water-soluble vitamin that is also referred to as vitamin B3. Nicotinamide (nicotinic acid amide) is the derivative of niacin that is incorporated into the coenzymes nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD) and nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADP). The nicotinamide moiety of NAD and NADP serves as an electron acceptor or donor in biological oxidation-reduction reactions catalyzed by several hundred different enzymes. Nicotinamide is the form of vitamin B3 that is commonly found in nutritional supplements and used to fortify foods.

Materials and Methods

Sample Preparation:

Protein precipitation was performed using an Impact Protein Precipitation Plate.

Step	
1.	Place the Impact plate onto a suitable 96-well sample manifold
2.	Dispense 300 μL acetonitrile into each well of the Impact plate
3.	Add 100 μL of plasma/serum samples to each well of the Impact plate
4.	Mix 3 times by aspirating with a pipette tip
5.	Apply vacuum to filter the sample and collect the purified filtrate

After filtrate is collected, the collection plate containing the purified samples should be covered using a sealing mat. The sample is now ready to be injected onto the LC-MS/MS. If the sample will not be injected onto the LC-MS/MS immediately, transfer the filtrate to amber Verex[™] autosampler vials (ambient) to protect from light.

HPLC Conditions: Column: Gemini 3 µm C18 Dimensions: 100 x 4.6 mm Part No.: 00D-4439-E0 Mobile Phase: A: 0.1 % Formic acid in water B: Methanol Flow Rate: 0.6 mL/min Gradient: Time (min) % B 10 0 2.5 90 2.6 10 10 4 Detection: API 4000™ MS/MS, ESI Positive (ESI+) Temperature: Ambient Injection: 2 µL purified plasma

MS/MS Conditions:

SCIEX[®] API 4000 triple-quadrupole tandem mass spectrometer is used for analysis equipped with an ESI probe operating in positive polarity mode. Under an MRM mode, two channels were monitored for nicotinamide and nicotinic acid (**Table 1**).

Table 1.

MRM Transitions

Peak Name	MRM Channel
Nicotinamide	123.006 ⇒ 80.100
Nicotinic acid	123.981 ⇒ 80.100

Results and Discussion

When developing a method for the analysis of nicotinamide and nicotinic acid, it was important that the method be rapid, sensitive, and accurate in order to accommodate high-throughput labs that analyze 100's to 1000's of samples each week. Traditionally, a protein precipitation step is used for fast cleanup of plasma samples. Protein precipitation is normally performed using a centrifuge tube or a 96-well collection plate, however this process requires that supernatant be collected while being careful not to disrupt pelleted protein in the bottom of the tube or collection plate. This step was greatly simplified by using Impact Protein Precipitation Plates. The Impact plate allows for the analysis of 96 samples at once, eliminates the transfer steps that are com-

Revision: 0

TN-1151



APPLICATION

monly associated with protein precipitation, and can also be automated. Protein precipitation was performed within the wells of the Impact[™] plate and sample was not allowed to pass through the filter of the plate until vacuum was applied. This ensured that the precipitated protein was left within the wells of the Impact plate while protein free sample was allowed to pass through the filter and into a collection plate (**Figure 1**).

Figure 1.

Protein Precipitation Using Impact Protein Precipitation Plates



After the plasma samples were cleaned up, they were analyzed by LC-MS/MS using a Gemini[®] 3 µm C18 HPLC column coupled to an API 4000[™] triple-quadrapole tandem mass spectrometer. The Gemini 3 µm C18 HPLC column was chosen because it contains a unique silica-organic layer that is grafted onto the base silica which mechanically strengthens the particle while providing excellent efficiencies. Efficiency and resolution were necessary in this analysis because the chemical properties of nicotinamide and nicotinic acid are similar in that they share the same backbone, however nicotinamide contains an amide moiety while nicotinic acid has a carboxylic acid moiety (Figure 2). It was also important to minimize tailing and improve peak shape of both target compounds. Using a 100 x 4.6 mm column reduced tailing and provided the desired peak shape of each target compound. Shorter columns, such as a 50 x 4.6 mm, resulted in tailing and undesirable peak shapes indicating that a longer column is necessary to accurately separate nicotinamide and nicotinic acid.

Figure 2. Chemical Structures of Nicotinamide and Nicotinic Acid











APPLICATION



Figure 5.

TN-1151

Representative Standard Curve of Nicotinic Acid at a Concentration Range of 2 to 2000 ng/mL



The reproducibility of our analysis was determined by producing a standard curve of nicotinic acid at a concentration range of 2 to 2000 ng/mL. With $R^2 = 0.9996$, our method proved to be reproducible even at low levels of detection. The signal-to-noise ratio was also studied at LOD and LOQ. With a signal-to-noise ratio of 4.3 and 3.3, it was determined that we were able to reliably analyze nicotinamide and nicotinic acid from plasma/serum samples at a LOD of 2 ng/mL. The LOQ was subsequently determined to be accurate at 10 ng/mL with signal-to-noise ratios of 12.4 and 10.1.

Table 2.

Signal-to-Noise Ratio of Nicotinamide and Nicotinic Acid at LOD and LOQ

Analyte	L	OD	LOQ			
	ng/mL S/N Ratio		ng/mL	S/N Ratio		
Nicotinamide	2	4.3	10	12.4		
Nicotinic acid	2	3.3	10	10.1		

Conclusion

As the study of vitamins becomes an increasingly important factor in clinical research, high-throughput laboratories must adopt rapid and robust methods to accurately analyze and quantitate vitamins and their derivatives. With these goals in mind, we developed a method that can be easily automated, can be used in high-throughput labs, and provides both sensitivity and speed. The sample preparation step using Impact[™] Protein Precipitation Plates is simple, requires no method development, and can process 96 samples at once. The downstream LC-MS/MS analysis using a Gemini[®] 3 µm C18 HPLC column provides resolution between nicotinic acid and its derivative, nicotinamide, in under 3 minutes. The analysis is also sensitive, with an LOD at 2 ng/mL and a LOQ at 10 ng/mL for both analytes.



Ordering Information

Gemini [®] HPLC Columns										
3 μm Microbore, Minibore and MidBore™ Columns (mm) SecurityGuard™ Cartr									d™ Cartridges (mm)	
Phases	50 x 1.0	20 x 2.0	30 x 2.0	50 x 2.0	100 x 2.0	150 x 2.0	50 x 3.0	100 x 3.0	150 x 3.0	4 x 2.0*
										10/pk
C18	00B-4439-A0	00M-4439-B0	00A-4439-B0	00B-4439-B0	00D-4439-B0	00F-4439-B0	00B-4439-Y0	00D-4439-Y0	00F-4439-Y0	AJ0-7596
										for ID: 2.0-3.0 mm

3 µm Analytic	Security	luard Cartridges (mm)					
Phases	hases 20 x 4.0 30 >		50 x 4.6	100 x 4.6	150 x 4.6	250 x 4.6	4 x 3.0*
							10/pk
C18	00M-4439-D0	00A-4439-E0	00B-4439-E0	00D-4439-E0	00F-4439-E0	00G-4439-E0	AJ0-7597
							for ID: 3.2-8.0 mm

5 µm Minibore and MidBore Columns (mm) SecurityGua									uard Cartridges (mm)
Phases	30 x 2.0	50 x 2.0	150 x 2.0	250 x 2.0	50 x 3.0	100 x 3.0	150 x 3.0	250 x 3.0	4 x 2.0*
									10/pk
C18	00A-4435-B0	00B-4435-B0	00F-4435-B0	00G-4435-B0	00B-4435-Y0	00D-4435-Y0	00F-4435-Y0	00G-4435-Y0	AJ0-7596
									for ID: 2.0-3.0 mm

		5 μm Analytical Columns (mm)					SecurityGuard Cartridges (mm)	
		Phases	30 x 4.6	50 x 4.6	100 x 4.6	150 x 4.6	250 x 4.6	4 x 3.0*
Assatuatia	The Netherlands							10/pk
t: +61 (0)2-9428-6444	t: +31 (0)30-2418700	C18	00A-4435-E0	00B-4435-E0	00D-4435-E0	00F-4435-E0	00G-4435-E0	AJ0-7597
auinfo@phenomenex.com	nlinfo@phenomenex.com							for ID: 3.2-8.0 mm
Austria t: +43 (0)1-319-1301	New Zealand t: +64 (0)9-4780951	* Security(Guard Analytical cartr	idges require holder,	Part No.: KJO-4282			

Ordering Information Impact[™] Precipitation Products

Part No.	Description	Unit			
CE0-7565	Impact Protein Precipitation, Square Well, Filter Plate, 2 mL	2/pk			
CE0-7566 Impact Protein Precipitation, Square Well, Long Drip, Filter Plate, 2 mL					
Impact Sta	rter Kit for Protein Precipitation				
Part No.	Description	Unit			
CE0-8201	Impact Protein Precipitation Plate (CE0-7565)	2ea			
CE0-7566	Collection Plate 2 mL	2ea			
AH0-8199	Sealing Mat, Santoprene [™]	2ea			
Accessori	es				
Collection	Plates (deep well, polypropylene)				
AH0-7192	96-Well Collection Plate 350 µL/well	50/pk			
AH0-7193	96-Well Collection Plate 1 mL/well	50/pk			
AH0-7194	96-Well Collection Plate 2 mL/well	50/pk			
AH0-8635	96-Well Collection Plate. 2 mL Square/Round-Conical	50/pk			

Spain t: +34 91-413-8613 espinfo@phenomenex.com nordicinfo@phenomenex.com

Sweden t: +46 (0)8 611 6950 nordicinfo@phenomenex.com

nzinfo@phenomenex.com

nordicinfo@phenomenex.com

pl-info@phenomenex.com

sginfo@phenomenex.com

Norway

Poland t: t: +48 (12) 881 0121

Portugal

t: +351 221 450 488 ptinfo@phenomenex.com

Singapore t: +65 800-852-3944

t: +47 810 02 005

Switzerland t: +41 (0)61 692 20 20 swissinfo@phenomenex.com

- Taiwan t: +886 (0) 0801-49-1246
- twinfo@phenomenex.com

United Kingdom t: +44 (0)1625-501367

ukinfo@phenomenex.com

USA

t: +1 (310) 212-0555 info@phenomenex.com

- All other countries/regions Corporate Office USA
 t: +1 (310) 212-0555
- info@phenomenex.com

guarantee Your happiness is our mission. Take 45 days to try our products. If you are not happy, we'll make it right. www.phenomenex.com/behappy

Terms and Conditions Subject to Phenomenex Standard Terms and Conditions which may be viewed at www.phenomenex.com/TermsAndConditions.

Trademarks

Gemini is a registered trademark of Phenomenex. Impact, Verex, MidBore, BE-HAPPY, and SecurityGuard are trademarks of Phenomenex. API 4000 is a trademark of AB SCIEX Pte. Ltd. AB SCIEX[™] is being used under license.

Gemini is patented by Phenomenex. U.S. Patent Nos.7,563,367 and 8,658,038 and foreign counterparts

SecurityGuard is patented by Phenomenex. U.S. Patent No. 6,162,362 CAUTION: this patent only applies to the analytical-sized guard

cartridge holder, and does not apply to SemiPrep, PREP, or ULTRA

holders, or to any cartridges. FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for use in clinical diagnostic procedures.

© 2020 Phenomenex, Inc. All rights reserved.

franceinfo@phenomenex.com

France t: +33 (0)1 30 09 21 10

Germany t: +49 (0)6021-58830-0 anfrage@phenomenex.com

anfrage@phenomenex.com

t: +32 (0)2 503 4015 (French) t: +32 (0)2 511 8666 (Dutch)

t: +1 (800) 543-3681 info@phenomenex.com

China t: +86 400-606-8099

beinfo@phenomenex.com

cninfo@phenomenex.com

nordicinfo@phenomenex.com

Belaium

Canada

Denmark t: +45 4824 8048

Finland t: +358 (0)9 4789 0063

- India t: +91 (0)40-3012 2400 indiainfo@phenomenex.com
- Ireland t: +353 (0)1 247 5405 eireinfo@phenomenex.com
- Italv t: +39 051 6327511 italiainfo@phenomenex.com
- Luxembourg t: +31 (0)30-2418700
- nlinfo@phenomenex.com
- Mexico t: 01-800-844-5226 tecnicomx@phenomenex.com

www.phenomenex.com

Phenomenex products are available worldwide. For the distributor in your country/region, contact Phenomenex USA, International Department at international@phenomenex.com