

Allowable Adjustments to United States Pharmacopeia (USP) Methods

As of August 22, 2012

1. Ratio of components in mobile phase: $\pm 30\%$ (relative)

The amount(s) of the minor component(s) (e.g. $\leq 50\%$) can be adjusted by $\pm 30\%$ relative. However a change in any component cannot exceed $\pm 10\%$ absolute.

- 60:40 Acetonitrile/Water could be adjusted to $\pm 12\%$ water (= 30% of 40), but this exceeds the $\pm 10\%$ maximum absolute change. Therefore the amount of water can range from 30% to 50% in this case.

2. Mobile phase pH: ± 0.2 units

- pH of 7.6 can be adjusted from 7.4 – 7.8

3. Concentration of salts in buffer: $\pm 10\%$

- 20mM Potassium phosphate can be 18 – 22mM, as long as proper pH is maintained as above

4. Particle size: *Can be reduced as much as 50 %, but cannot be increased*

- 10 μ m particles can be switched with 5 μ m particles

5. Column length: $\pm 70\%$

- A 150 x 4.6mm column can be varied from 45 – 255mm in length

6. Column inner diameter:

- Can be adjusted if the linear velocity is kept constant

7. Flow rate: $\pm 50\%$

- 1 mL/min can be varied from 0.5 to 1.5 mL/min

8. Column temperature: $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$

9. Wavelength of UV-visible detector: *No deviations permitted*

10. Injection volume: *Can be reduced as long as precision and detection limits are achieved (no increase is permitted)*



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Source: United States Pharmacopeia General Chapter
<621> Chromatography USP35-NF30, page 258

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